Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 85.

PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1874

PRICE—TEN CENTS.

MEDICAL.

E UNFORTUNATE.

EDIES: NEW REMEDIES!

Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Fra[illegible] Established in [illegible] for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases such as Gonorrhoea [illegible] Stricture Syphilis in all its forms Seminal Weakness Impotency etc Skin Disease [illegible] standing and Ulcerated [illegible] fully treated

has the pleasure of announcing that [illegible] from visiting the principal [illegible] and has resumed practice this Dispensary, Kearney street corner of Commercial where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him [illegible] nor money in [illegible] remedies and [illegible] the alleviation of human suf[illegible]

Horrible Diseases

thousands of persons both male and who are suffering out a miserable the effects of secret indulgences or rbed into the system. Look at their ted and disfigured face and their constitutions disqualifying them for of marriage or the enjoyment of life. situation they usually suffer until death. Let parents guard their friends who are suffering with any of these used before it be too late. Send them to DR. GIBBON [illegible] who has diseases his especial study for years, [illegible] every one who are afflicted in the welfare of their friends to be many pretended doctors [illegible] shing the skill [illegible] imposing upon the public by using eminent physicians from Europe and Be therefore careful and make strict may fall into the hands of these

Seminal Weakness.

lesions the consequence of self abuse, ice or depraved sexual indulgence the youth of both sexes to an almost nt, producing with [illegible] ing train of morbid symptoms [illegible] scientific medical men [illegible] ace dark spots under the eyes [illegible] ng in the ears noise [illegible] rattling of chariots [illegible] kness of the limbs [illegible] ect, loss of confidence [illegible] strangers a dislike to form [illegible] disposition to shun [illegible] e flushes, pimples [illegible] he face furred tongue [illegible] mption night sweats [illegible] ity. If relief be not obtained ately either in person or by fected by his new and scient s disease, which never fails of l radical cure [illegible] ers to any person who [illegible] m that he was cured of this com of the San Francisco quacks.

Married Men,

contemplate marriage who are of these fearful maladies should d responsibility resting upon them tain immediate relief [illegible] responsible and will give to each en instrument binding him [illegible] and permanent cure or make

Cured at Home.

stance may be CURED AT HOME letter to Dr Gibbon [illegible] the disease has [illegible] promptly forwarded [illegible] esty to any part of the [illegible] directions. By [illegible] registered letter through [illegible] Wells Fargo & Co's [illegible] be forwarded to any part munications strictly confiden[illegible]

tion to the Unfortunate

[illegible] Francisco quacks and [illegible]

[illegible] exhibiting [illegible] what they ar[illegible] [illegible] patients letter [illegible] satisfy persons who may call [illegible] ability to treat diseases that he pro[illegible]

[illegible] GIBBON 623 Kearney street [illegible] OK [illegible] ON THE [illegible] FE.

[illegible] please [illegible] read his advertisement [illegible]

000 REWARD FOR AN Incurable Case!

DR. LE RICHAU'S

OLDEN BALSAM!

After ten years' trial on this Coast has f the only curative in a certain class pronounced by medical practition rable.

ichau's GOLDEN BALSAM No 1

Cures first and second stages Sore on Body Sore Ears, Eyes, Nose &c, ored Blotches, Syphilitic Catarrh, scalp, and all primary forms of the own as Syphilis. Price $5 per bo[illegible] for $9

ichau's GOLDEN BALSAM No 2

ary Mercurial Syphilitic Rheuma[illegible] in the Bones, Back of the Neck [illegible] Throat, Syphilitic Rash, Lumps ced Cords, Stiffness of the Limbs, ates all diseases from the system aused by indiscretion or abuse of aving the blood pure and healthy r bottle, or two for $9

ichau's GOLDEN SPANISH AN-

he Cure of Gonnorhoea Gleet Irri[illegible] avel, and all Urinary or Genital ments. Price, $2.50 per bottle.

ichau's GOLDEN SPANISH IN-

wash and injection for severe cases ma, Inflammatory Gleet Strictures, eases of the Kidneys and Bladder, per bottle.

ts for DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN Seminal Weakness Night Emis[illegible] tency, and all diseases arising from on and excessive abuses. Price $3

The genuine GOLDEN BALSAM is in round bottles

of price, these medicines will ll parts of the country by express urely packed and free from obser[illegible] le Agents.

C F RICHARDS & CO and Retail Druggists and S. W cor Clay & Sansome ts, San Francisco Cal.

ZE HOME MANUFACTURE.

E & DAVIDSON,

nufacturers and Dealers in

Sash, Blinds, Frames

Brackets and all Kinds of

Scroll Sawing.

THE BEST FACILITIES AND [illegible] proved wood working machin[illegible] re of the above article can o[illegible] ments to customers and at San NICOLAI BROS MILL uality of SEASONED CEDAR L[illegible] G and RUSTIC MOULDINGS NING in all its branches Ball[illegible] Billiard Balls Croquet Sets etc at

os's Mill and Factory,

Second and E streets Portland.

STRICT COURT OF THE UNITED [illegible] the District of Oregon—In th[illegible] s bankrupt—It is [illegible] ve that a final general m[illegible] rs of said bankrupt [illegible] Portland in said District on th[illegible] D 1874 at 11 o'clock [illegible] H Northup Esq Register in Ba[illegible] District for the purposes nam[illegible] ash sections of the [illegible] And further that [illegible] as such assignee [illegible] place will apply to [illegible] ny set account [illegible] ordance with provisions of said Bankrupt Ac[illegible]

C W [illegible] Ass[illegible]

ay 6 1874

OCTOR JIM,

The Celebrated Chi[illegible] nese Physician ret[illegible] to [illegible] an absence [illegible] at the corner of W[illegible] ton and Second st[illegible] stairs where he w[illegible] patients for all kin[illegible] disease with his known skill

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN]

CHICAGO, May 14.—The schooner *Paulino* sailed from this port to-day for Cork, Ireland direct with a cargo of 25,000 bushels of corn as freight at the rate of 30 cents a bushel in gold.

Explosion of a Tug on Lake Huron.

DETROIT, May 14.—A dispatch states that the tug Fox blew up on Lake Huron this morning. All hands were lost except the Captain and the first engineer.

The Arkansas Row

LITTLE ROCK, May 13.—The Legislature to-day appointed a joint committee to prepare resolutions concerning the present difficulties to be sent to the President. A resolution was passed asking Baxter whether Brooks had complied with his proposition about vacating the State House and leaving the settlement of difficulties to the Legislature. Another street skirmish occurred this evening in which several were wounded.

Action of the Arkansas Legislature.

LITTLE ROCK, May 14.—Both Houses met this morning and adopted a resolution requesting the President to put the Assembly in possession of the State House and State property, and take some action necessary to the dispersion of armed forces now disturbing its domestic peace.

WASHINGTON CITY.

A Perverse Fate.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—A strange fatality attending the Sanborn witnesses follows the Boston law firm of Prescott to whom Sanborn and Spear paid large fees. The committee summoned Prescott to learn for what or from whom he received this money but the witness was taken seriously ill at New York [illegible] to the certification of some physician who was formerly a surgeon on Butler's staff. Butler intimating a disposition not to debate the repeal of the Sanborn contracts.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The Mormon apologists cite the fact that Dr Bernhisel the first Delegate from Utah, was a polygamist as a precedent for not expelling Cannon. The Bernhisel case antedates the present Congressional act making polygamy a crime and Cannon threatens in defense to expose the licentious practices of Congressmen if there is a report against him.

At a special Cabinet meeting to-day the Arkansas question was discussed and it was decided to await the action of the Legislature. Orders will be issued as soon as the Legislature decides who is Governor.

CANADA.

Passage of Railroad Resolutions in the Canadian Parliament.

OTTAWA, May 13.—In Parliament last night, MacKenzie moved his Pacific Railroad resolutions. He explained the provisions of the new bill and after debate the resolutions were adopted.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, May 13.—The Czar and Grand Duke Alexis arrived at Dover this afternoon. They were met by members of the royal family, a great crowd of people, and escorted to Windsor Castle, where they arrived this evening.

GLASGOW, May 23.—The steamship *Ethiopia* has arrived in Clyde under sail with a broken shaft.

From Paris.

PARIS, May 13.—Duke de Broglie will call up for immediate discussion the electoral bill. The Left and the extreme Right oppose it. It will form the subject for a Cabinet discussion.

The Assembly to-day re-elected Buffet President.

From Rome.

ROME, May 13.—The Pope to-day received a number of Cardinals, Bishops and other dignitaries. In reply to the American Minister he animadverted severely on the Mexicans for permitting church persecutions there.

OREGON

The candidates on the county tickets in Lane will begin to canvass on the 18th at Junction.

"Little Joe Cook fell in the brook" at Salem the other day, and was bravely fished out by his brother.

The fires were started under the first kiln of the season containing 250,000 bricks at the Penitentiary last Tuesday evening.

About 300 acres of the Rice donation claim located in Spring valley, Polk county was sold last week to Mr Sears, of Lincoln. Seven dollars per acre was the price paid.

The *Astorian* has on exhibition one can of salmon from each of the Canneries on the Columbia. The labels are much admired—the contents would be much more admired.

Frank Thompson, son of Mr David Thompson living in Polk county, about two miles from the Salem ferry landing cut himself badly in the leg Tuesday, while carelessly handling a knife which he was using.

The *Astorian* says it is informed by mechanics of Portland that they are looking to Astoria for employment this summer. As many of them are now making wages which will enable them to rusticate in the warm weather, we suppose they will go down there and find employment digging clams.

The *Statesman* says: Two companies are at present prospecting in the Coast Mountains for gold, silver, cinnabar etc. They have been in the mountains for some time but as yet have not succeeded in discovering any indications of the precious metals, though large quantities of iron and coal have been found.

The Republicans of Clatsop county last Saturday nominated the following ticket: For Clerk R. R. Spedden; Sheriff, W H Twilight; County Judge, J Q A Bowlby; Commissioners, J. A. Packard, C. A. McGuire; Treasurer, I. W. Case; Coroner, Dr S Kinsey. For Justice in Astoria precinct Charles Stevens; Constable, John Welch.

The *Astorian* of Thursday says: "Hon S E Barr, of Oysterville, called at our office last Friday, leaving the cheerful intelligence that his relative, S E Barr of Montcalm county, Michigan, together with thirty other families, was to leave for this part of the country and would become residents of Pacific or Clatsop counties on arrival here."

While working with a circular saw in Cook & Dennis' sash factory in Salem last Tuesday Mr Wm. Crump met with a painful accident. A piece of board which he was sawing caught in the circular saw and was thrown violently back striking him on the eye with such force that he was knocked down. He remained in a [illegible] condition for some minutes.

The people of Clifton and Manhattan, Clatsop Co., want a new voting precinct in that part of the county but it is too late to make the application for it in time for the June election this year. They should have begun the work earlier. They also want a county trail from Westport to Nice's place, as an aid to any one cast adrift on that inhospitable shore.

A young man named Leonard Fagadly was drowned in Crooked Creek, near Gray's bay, [illegible] Astoria, on the territory side of the Columbia, on Saturday. He was engaged with some others in rafting logs and fell between two rafts. He was aged about 18 years and was a sober, industrious young man. He leaves a mother, father and brother in Clackamas county.

At the last meeting of the Rock Point (Marion county) Farmers Club Mr Hunt offered the following resolution: "Resolved that a committee be appointed by the chair to take under advisement the subject of a farm implement factory in this vicinity and report at our next meeting," which was adopted. G W Hunt, Job Denyer, John Downing were appointed said Committee.

The *Journal* learns of an accident which happened last Sunday near Corvallis. Dr L. R. Lee and G Gaylord had been out riding in a buggy and while returning the horses took fright and ran away. For some time they were enabled to keep the team in the road, but finally it got the upper hand of them and ran against a fence throwing both gentlemen out. Dr Lee received some severe bruises and Mr Gaylord had his ankle broken. The buggy was badly smashed up.

The *Astorian* says: Jointly if the fish can be obtained the Columbia river canneries could this year put up (as they have the preparations for doing so), 300,000 cases, containing 14,400,000 cans, of one pound each, valued at $2,500,000. To produce which they pay $1,[illegible]000 for tin and manufacturing cans, boxes, etc., and distribute $525,000 among the fishermen for fish, $20,000 for incidental expenses, leaving a balance of $18,231 to each, net profits for the season. We say this might be done could they get the fish, but what will be—none can tell.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN]

CALIFORNIA

From San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Sheriff Morse has again started on the trace of Vasquez and gang, reported to have passed through Grayson last Monday. Morse is accompanied by the Sheriff of Stanislaus county.

On the 7th inst Don Pio Pico ex Governor of California was robbed of one thousand dollars in coin and a diamond ring valued at five hundred dollars. To-day detectives Lees and Stone arrested John W. Alfred servant of Pico and found in his possession the ring and most of the money. The fellow claims that he found the property and did not steal it.

Great interest is felt in sporting circles in the trotting match to come off at Oakland Park on Saturday next between Ella Lewis and California Dexter for $2,000 a side. There has been a great deal of private betting amongst brokers and turf men on the result of the race. Pool selling will be commenced at the Lick House this evening.

Greenbacks 90[illegible] @ 90[illegible] cents.

The trial of Kinseys, How and McLeans for murder of Harvey Green, was resumed in the Twelfth District Court to-day.

The celebrated running horse Thad Stevens will be on exhibition at Wilson's circus to-night on occasion of the benefit of Mr Thompson treasurer of the establishment.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—The *Vasco de Gama* sails for China and Japan in the British line to-morrow.

A car driver named J C Ginnis employed on the Sutter street road was run over to-day by his car and received injuries which will probably prove fatal.

The announcement of the capture of Vasquez created considerable excitement here to-night in police circles where he was well known.

Interior California.

YREKA, May 14.—It is stated that 80 per cent of sheep and 60 per cent of the cattle in Big Valley are dead.

Louis Lacroix died suddenly at Fort Jones yesterday from poisoning by toad stools which got into some greens he had eaten.

Capture of Vasquez, the Notorious Bandit.

LOS ANGELES, May 14.—Positive information of Vasquez's whereabouts was received by the Sheriff yesterday from Smith a rancher, who lives in Cahuenga Pass near the Brea ranch. Under Sheriff Johnson, policemen Harris, Hartley, Bryant, and Geo A. Beers left at 2 o'clock this morning. Vasquez and one man was discovered in the vicinity of Greek George's house in the canyon. His movements were watched until he was seen with one man to enter the house. Mitchell and Smith were at this time two miles from the scene. Sheriff Johnson and his men laid down in their wagon and had a Mexican drive it to the door of Greek George's house, when they sprang out and made for the house. Vasquez lay on the bed in one of the rooms unarmed, and jumped out of the window when the party fired. Vasquez was shot three times—one shot from a shotgun entering the right side, one rifle shot passing through the back and another through the left arm. Maj Mitchell and two others had joined Johnson's party going to Greek George's house in a wagon. When Mitchell ran to Vasquez he said "That was a good trick! You are good men." At [illegible] o'clock P M Vasquez was safely lodged in jail. He was brought in on a mattrass. His wounds are not dangerous. There is not a shadow of doubt as to his identity. The watch taken from Chas S Miles Superintendent of the Water Co., was recovered. The jail is guarded by armed policemen and no access to the prisoner is allowed.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Jackson County People's Convention.

JACKSONVILLE, May 14.—The People's Convention assembled here to-day and made the following nominations: State Senator, Matthews Fountain (Dem); Representatives, W Kahler and B F Myer (Reps), and I Snelling (Dem); County Clerk, P Dunn (Rep); Sheriff, Francis Plymale (Dem); Treasurer, N Langell (Rep); Assessor, J R Tozier (Dem); Surveyor, J S Howard (Rep); County Commissioners, C Schieffelin (Rep) and F Reynolds (Dem); School Superintendent, W [illegible] Lever (Rep); Coroner, Dr L Danforth (Rep). There was a large attendance and the friends of the new party seem sanguine of success.

THE TERRITORIES

There are already sixty six members of the Walla Walla Library Association.

It is reported that there are over 1,000 cords of wood for sale at Tacoma.

Colorado is becoming noted for precious stones. Even diamonds, it seems are turning up.

Eggs are ten cents a dozen and butter fifteen cents per pound in Walla Walla. How is that for low?

The forty-fourth annual Conference of the Latter day Saints met at Salt Lake City on the 7th inst.

At the Denver (Col.) municipal election held April 7th W J Barker (Rep) was elected Mayor.

At the last meeting of the Olympia Town Board, on the 9th inst, five liquor licenses were granted.

On Saturday last, two men left Olympia to explore the Coast range of mountains for gold with provisions for two months.

The barkentine *Eureka*, on her last trip from San Francisco, brought the sails, rigging and anchors for the vessels building at Port Blakely.

The Stewart Silver Reducing Company of Denver for the first four months of this year shipped silver bars valued in the aggregate at $187,120 80.

Port Townsend is beginning to brighten up. According to the *Argus* there are three new buildings about to be erected and improvements made on others.

The Victoria *Colonist* says the steamer *Olympia* will be placed on the Sound as an opposition boat on and after July 1st. No such report is current in Olympia.

The crickets have totally devoured one or two crops on Clearwater River Idaho and are being vigorously fought by the farmers in the vicinity of Tammany Hollow.

The Sheriff of Idaho county I T appears to be a little matter of $500 short in his account with the county and his deputy has been put in charge of the office.

The *Dispatch* says: Two strangers with a hawkers and peddlers license from the city authorities are openly plying gambling devices for money on Commercial street in Seattle.

The Lewiston *Signal* says: Robert Montgomery was thrown from a wild horse near Greenfield's ranch on the 21st inst and badly kicked. Besides other injuries his lower jaw was broken.

The Cheyenne *Leader* reports that important mines have been discovered on the middle branch of Crow creek about twenty miles from Cheyenne in the Black Hills. One vein is four feet wide and the rock runs from $50 to $500 in silver and $10 in gold. The mines are six miles from the railroad.

I I Dodge [illegible] of Swinomish, Whatcom county states in a letter to a gentleman in Seattle that a schooner of about sixty tons burthen went ashore near that place a few days since. She was loaded with oats belonging to Calhoun & Brother. It is thought that the vessel and cargo will be a total loss. No insurance.

The tragedy in which James Downey was killed last Monday night, is still the exciting topic at Tacoma. The Coroner's jury held an inquest and part of the members wanted to find the slayer of Downey guilty of murder in the first degree, but two members could not see that their jurisdiction went quite that far and the whole [illegible] were [illegible] a new jury called. The affair now looks like the blow was justifiable.

The Bellingham Bay *Mail* says: The tide of emigration to this portion of our Territory is slow but steady. From every point we are in receipt of intelligence of parties of twos, threes and sometimes colonies arriving from the East and more are expected from week to week. A large colony of Pennsylvanians are booked for Semiahmoo early this summer and another is down for Sumas. And the cry is still they come!

"We understand," says the *Avant Courier*, "that Major Harry I Horr of the Mammoth Hot Springs has received instructions from the Interior Department to prevent the destruction and spoliation of the natural beauties of the National Park this summer by the curiosity hunters who have every season heretofore relieved the Park of wagon loads of specimens and despoiled it of many curious and beautiful attractions."

The Helena (Montana) *Herald* of the 30th ult says: We noticed this morning at the banking house of I H Hershfield & Bro several gold bars and upwards of 1,000 ounces of gold dust brought in by miners from the different gulches contiguous to Helena. The purchases of Hershfield & Bro during the past week amount to $25,000. This would indicate that the mining season had fairly begun and that the yield will be larger than usual. We hope the miners will reap a harvest, and that "yellow dirt" will be as plentiful as in the palmy days of 65-6. This however we can hardly anticipate but we may reasonably hope for a prosperous mining season and consequently a thriving trade for our merchants.

The present population of Denver is placed at about 20,000 and of the entire Territory at between 100,000 and 120,000. During the year real estate to the value of $2,878,905 was transferred as on record in the office of the County Clerk and Recorder. For the three years past ending December 31st 1873 2,145 new buildings costing $5,104,600, have been erected of which seven or eight were new churches built last year at an aggregate cost of $100,000. During 1872 and 1873 the increase of schools was 50 per cent and of school population 86 per cent. The business of the mint for the last year amounted to $787,425. The three national banks of the town sold during the year $25,000,000 worth of exchange on other parts of the world and during the panic last November they promptly paid every check as presented.

The Denver *News* of May 6th says: Mr Cornelius Joansen and his son Peter Joansen representatives of colonies of Menonites from the sea of Azov and the Black sea in Southern Russia arrived last evening via the Kansas and Pacific and are stopping at the Inter Ocean. They have already located a colony of four thousand acres at Marion Center Kansas and eighteen thousand acres at Halstead, Kansas, both on the line of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad. They came here for the purpose of making investigations as to the climate and soil. They will visit Southern Colorado and New Mexico, and if suited, will establish a colony. The members of these colonies are mostly farmers and sheep raisers. They will bring with them from one thousand to half a million dollars each. Mr Joansen and his son have been in Washington for several weeks past trying to get Congress to reserve several thousand acres of the public domain for their use.

The Deer Lodge *Northwest* gives the following particulars concerning the sad accident which occurred a few days since at Greenwood: "A fatal accident of a most distressing nature occurred at Greenwood last Monday resulting in the death of the little daughter of Mr and Mrs Jack Reynolds aged two years. Mr Reynolds had an old flint lock musket which a year ago his little boy, four years old had been amused with in striking fire with the flint. On removing to Greenwood some weeks since, the gun was brought along and piled away with other rubbish. Unknown to Mr or Mrs Reynolds a hired man had loaded the gun to shoot rats and stood it by his bed in a little room. On Monday during the absence of the men the children were playing 'peek a boo' and the little boy entered the room where the loaded gun stood. Mrs R was in an adjoining room. Presently she heard the discharge of the gun, and springing to her children found the load of shot had entered the right eye and forehead of the little girl. Clasping her in her arms the mother ran toward the barn where the stock tender was but the little one died before she reached the place. The child was a universal favorite and the idol of her parents. Their anguish is beyond words and all they can bear."

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The *Colonist* says Cassiar stocks have been put on the English market.

Danger to the salmon fisheries from saw dust is apprehended on the Lower Fraser.

Great preparations are being made for celebrating the Queen's Birthday at New Westminster.

Mr U Nelson has chartered the steamer *Eliza Anderson* to run between Victoria and Fort Wrangel.

The *T W Lucas* and *Oak Hill* arrived at Seattle on May 11th. The *Lucas* will load lumber at Freeport.

The Indian Department expenditure in British Columbia during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1873, was $22,540 56.

The salmon run is commencing in Fraser River, and Messrs Loggie & Co are ready to put up at the rate of 12,000 tins a day.

Smith, Watson & Co, shipbuilders who built the steamer *Glenora*, have just completed and launched the hull of a handsome new screw propeller intended for the Burrard Inlet ferry.

Labor is scarce at Cariboo—good wages will be paid. The mine owners fear that unless a part of the stream now pouring into Cassiar be diverted to Cariboo operations will be seriously crippled.

Wells Fargo & Co shipped per steamship *Prince Alfred* last Tuesday from Victoria the following amounts: Bank British Columbia, $30,581; Bank British North America, $4,301; I Gareschè, $1,855. Total, $35,737.

The parties now organizing in Victoria for the Railway survey will explore the country from the North Thompson to the Big Bend of the Fraser for a practical route. Bute Inlet, Lower Fraser and Howe Sound will be included in the summer's operations.

An Indian who left Victoria about 18 months ago on a ship bound for Shanghai returned in the *A[illegible]*. In the same ship was abducted a Flathead Indian woman. At Shanghai she went ashore and married a Greek but manifests a desire to run off from her husband and return to her own land.

PUBLIC DISCUSSION.

T W Davenport Independent candidate for Congress and Richard Williams Republican candidate will address the people as follows:

La Grande, Saturday, May [illegible] P M
Union, Monday, May 18, [illegible] P M
Baker City, Tuesday, May [illegible] P M
El Dorado, Wednesday, May 20, [illegible] P M
Canyon City, Saturday, May [illegible] P M

J F Campbell and L F Grover candidates for Governor will speak at the following times and places:

The Dalles, Friday [illegible] M [illegible]
Pendleton, Monday [illegible] 18
Weston, Tuesday [illegible] 19
La Grande, Thursday [illegible] 21
Union, Friday [illegible]
Baker City, Saturday [illegible]

Speaking to begin promptly at 1 P M of each day except at Portland and The Dalles at which places it will begin at [illegible] P M.

Opposition at Wallula

Don't buy Through Tickets to Walla Walla as CHAS HART is running an Opposition from Wallula and is carrying passengers cheaper than any other line.

LA DOW FOR CONGRESS

NOT [illegible] THE MANNER OF HIS NOMINATION AS THE FACT OF IT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The manipulators and actors in and about the Albany Convention differ as to the character of the labor pains which preceded the Congressional birth of LaDow. One portion of them affirm that it was done in the Senatorial interests of Gov Grover and another that it was done in the interests of Kippell and Fleischner candidates for State Treasurer. In other words that Gov Grover feared Nesmith as a rival candidate for the United States Senate in 1876 and therefore thought to kill him off by defeating his nomination for Congress now. This is one explanation. The other is that Messrs Kippell and Fleischner one or both of them thought to make head against Brown of Baker county who was their candidate for Treasurer by throwing the Congressional nomination east of the mountains and thus work for LaDow simply because his residence was in Umatilla county.

I care not which one of these stories is correct. Possibly both of them are. The fact remains that the choice of the Democratic voters of the State was deliberately trailed off and a man scarcely known in nine-tenths of the State—not known at all in one-half—and where known known to have no qualification for the office or ability to render service in it was nominated for Congress at this juncture an important office to the interests of the State and for other reasons an important one to the interests of the party in the nation. That this man or that man might be Treasurer or Senator, or that this man or that man might not be Treasurer or Senator, the managers of a State Convention contrive that the nomination of a man whose experience and ability would enable him to serve the State efficiently shall be prevented and contract that the votes of the Democrats throughout the State shall be cast for a man they know nothing of—never heard of till he was nominated and only heard of since as unsuited and unsuitable for the place. I forbear comment. A simple statement of the case carries its own comment.

[illegible] WHITE

LET OREGON FOLLOW THE EXAMPLE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I have heretofore advocated the abolishment of the Capitol Commission, and the retention of the Superintendent of Construction only. Since I see the Legislature of New York has done that very thing as announced in the following from a New York paper:

The Legislature has abolished the commission that was building the State Capitol at Albany. It was too slow and expensive but nobody seemed willing to charge it with corruption. The work is to go on with a State Superintendent of Construction.

Our Commissioners are still performing their arduous labors charging $5 a day. In view of the approaching hot weather, it might be comfortable for them to appoint a second book keeper to fan them.

INDEPENDENT STATE TICKET.

For Congress,
T. W. DAVENPORT, of Marion.

For Governor,
T. F. CAMPBELL, of Polk.

For Secretary of State,
J. H. DOUTHITT, of Wasco.

For Treasurer,
D. BEACH, of Linn.

For State Printer,
WM. M. HAND, of Wasco.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
M. M. OGLESBY, of Douglas.

DISTRICT NOMINATIONS.

SECOND DISTRICT—For Judge JOHN BURNETT. For Prosecuting Attorney J J WALTON.

THIRD DISTRICT—For Prosecuting Attorney TILMON FORD.

FIFTH DISTRICT—For Prosecuting Attorney ORLANDO HUMASON.

PEOPLE'S JUDICIAL TICKET.

FOURTH DISTRICT—For Judge E D. SHATTUCK. For Prosecuting Attorney H Y THOMPSON.

PEOPLE'S COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senators—William Strong, J S M Van Cleave.
For Representatives—Jacob Johnson, C W Cay, R S Jewett, John M Gearin, William Sherlock, S Norris, Raleigh Stott.
County Judge—W F Trimble.
County Commissioners—H Hansen, Chas Holman.
Sheriff—E J Jeffery.
Clerk—George I Story.
Treasurer—A Waldman.
Assessor—John Dolan.
Surveyor—C W Burrage.
Superintendent of Schools—Rev T L Eliot.
Coroner—Dr G Kellogg.

PATRONIZE HOME MANUFACTURE.

AINSLIE & DAVIDSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Frames

Shutters, Brackets and all Kinds of Scroll Sawing.

HAVING THE BEST FACILITIES AND THE latest improved wood working machinery for the manufacture of the above articles, can offer superior inducements to customers and at San Francisco prices at NICOLAI BROS MILL.

Also best quality of SEASONED CEDAR LUMBER, CEILING and RUSTIC MOULDINGS.

WOOD TURNING in all its branches Ballusters Newel Posts Billiard Balls Croquet Sets etc at

Nicolai Bros's Mill and Factory,

Corner Second and E streets Portland.

EMIGRANTS!

JUST ARRIVED

NEW SECTIONAL AND COUNTY

MAP OF OREGON,

1871.

THIS MAP WITH THE ANNEXED INDEX sheet will give complete information concerning the Topography, Climate, Soil, Productions &c, &c, of Oregon. In Hand Book form or Mounted on Rollers. At

J. K. GILL & CO'S,
[illegible] First Street, Portland, Oregon

DOCTOR JIM,

The Celebrated Chinese Physician has returned to this city after an absence of four years and has opened his office at the corner of Washington and Second streets up stairs where he will treat patients for all kinds of disease with his well known skill.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Grand Lodge A. F. and A. M. of Oregon. Twenty fourth Annual Communication.—The Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Oregon will commence its Twenty-fourth Annual Communication at Masonic Temple in the City of Portland on MONDAY the 8th day of June A. L. 5874 at 10 o'clock A M. All communications to the Grand Secretary should be addressed Box E E, Portland Ogn. my1d10t

DRY GOODS.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

OUR SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF DRY GOODS is now complete.

The variety of Styles and Prices in every Department, is too numerous for description but we confidently say that by reason of our increased facilities for purchasing both Foreign and Domestic Goods we have never been able to place before the public a better selected Stock and certainly never before have we offered such inducements in the way of moderate prices and good values as at the present season.

A Large Stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods always on hand.

We have received from the East a consignment of 50 LINEN SUITS to sell on commission. New Styles handsomely trimmed which we will sell for cash at very low prices.

To be closed out in 10 days.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

Corner First and Washington Streets.

GREAT SLAUGHTER

OF

DRY GOODS!

AT THE

San Francisco Auction Store,

No. 80 FIRST ST.,

Next to National Bank.

The Proprietors of the above Establishment having concluded to retire from business now offer their immense Stock of Dry Goods consisting of

$50,000

WORTH OF

DRY & FANCY GOODS

AT

PANIC PRICES!

The Public are cordially invited to call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

M. FRANKLIN & BROS.,

Proprietors San Francisco Auction Store.

N B—Store to let and Fixtures for sale. Also a fine residence centrally located.

Forced Sale! Forced Sale!

A FARM OF 200 ACRES, SITUATE 6½ MILES from Portland and ½ mile from Beaverton Station on the Oregon Central Railroad. All under fence; living stream of water running across it; sixty acres swale land, forty acres Beaverdam, twenty acres of the Beaverdam in cultivation, fifteen acres of it planted to onions which are now up and can show for themselves; two miles of ditching on the Beaverdam so arranged that irrigation can be had at any season of the year; one half acre in strawberries and asparagus; six hundred well assorted and thriving fruit trees in the second year of their growth on the place. Also three Dwelling Houses, barn and a substantial onion house with capacity to hold 5000 bushels of onions. Plenty of pasture and meadow land and timber; timber consists of cedar, pine, oak and fir.

Title perfect. Mortgage on the place which can run. Stock, Tools and other Personal Property will be sold with it.

Must be sold. A rare chance to buy!

For full particulars apply to
H H NORTHUP, Trustee,
No 8 Dekum's Building,
Portland Oregon.

my1dawtf

MILK!

5 CENTS A QUART, RETAIL, DELIVERED to any family in this city.

No water sold with this Milk.

my d1m J W BEVIS

A P HOTALING, San Francisco } { E C LORD, Portland

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J H Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY,

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

431 Jackson St, San Francisco,

And 25 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

To Take Effect Monday, Feb. 16th 1874 at 4 A. M.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:45 A M	Roseburg	8:25 P M
Roseburg	4:30 A M	Portland	5:00 P M

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P M	Albany	8:25 P M
Albany	5:30 A M	Portland	10:05 A M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing, PORTLAND

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J BRANDT Jr, Gen'l Sup't.

E. P ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To take Effect Monday, March 30th, 187
at 6 A. M.

Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH

AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	8:00 P M	St Joseph	7:00 P M
St. Joseph	6:00 A M	Portland	10:00 A M

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty five cents extra.

Sunday Excursion Tickets withdrawn until May 1874.

Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P M.

J BRANDT Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	12:15 P M	Tacoma	6:30 P M
Tacoma	5:30 A M	Kalama	11:45 A M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O S N Co's Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily and on Wednesdays and Saturdays with Steamers for Victoria and Stickeen Mines.

J W SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. W FAIRWEATHER,
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.

The Chicago, Rock Island and PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE.

With its connections East and West,

Is the Shortest, Quickest and Best Route between the

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL—making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

The Central and Union Pacific Railroads,

AND AT CHICAGO

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North and South.

The most elegantly furnished **Parlor Sleeping Cars** ever used on any Railroad are now built owned and run by this Company between Omaha and Chicago.

THROUGH TICKETS to all points East can be obtained at the Oregon & California Railroad Office Portland Oregon. And at C P R R offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be sure your Tickets read via Rock Island.

A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Sup't Chicago.
WM R STEELE, Passenger Agent San Francisco.

HOMES! HOMES!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A FEW PLACES for BEAUTIFUL HOMES! for sale CHEAP and on EASY TERMS.

J H C SCHUYLER,
71 Front street.

Portland May 4 1874 my5d1m

M!! M!! M!!

MORLOFF'S MOTH MIXTURE MOST CERTAINLY DESTROYS MOTHS LIKE MAGIC.

Prepared and sold at PFUNDER'S PHARMACY.

HODGE, CALEF & CO, Wholesale Agents.

PROF. J. H. MARTIN,

Astrologer & Clairvoyant.

WILL TELL YOU ALL YOU WISH TO KNOW and no humbug. Call and you will be convinced. For particulars, write and send stamped envelope or call at my office N W cor Third and Morrison streets up stairs.

SUGARS—PULU—RICE, &c.

FROM HONOLULU DIRECT, EX BARK J A Falkinburg and other recent arrivals—
1,000 kegs ISLAND SUGAR assorted grades,
6[illegible] Bales PULU
300 Bags TABLE RICE
200 Kegs MOLASSES.

For sale at low rates by

ALLEN & LEWIS

AGENTS WANTED

IN EVERY TOWN AND COUNTY ON THIS coast to sell VALUABLE STANDARD SUBSCRIPTION Book. For terms and territory address A Roman & Co 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco. NEW AND IMPORTANT subscription books just coming to hand. Old and experienced canvassers please give this notice your special attention. Persons desiring to enter the canvass as beginners will never have a better opportunity. may12 1md&w

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST LOUIS, CHICAGO

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President, HENRY FAILING.
Cashier, JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital........$1,562,500

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street London.

BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland

AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

The Anglo-Californian Bank,

(LIMITED)

418 California Street, San Francisco

London Office, - - 3 Angel Court.
New York Agents, J. & W Seligman & Co. 21 Broad Street.

AUTHORIZED

Capital Stock - $6,000,000

Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange [illegible] Money and issue Letters of Credit [illegible] throughout the world.

R G SNEATH, IGN STEINHART, Managers.

oc15dly

P GOLDSMITH. L LOEWENBERG.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.

(Successors to Friedman & Co)

33 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co's Block.

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

AND

TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES

GEO. L. STORY,

45 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

OFFERS FOR SALE

A New Lot of Paper Hangings,

Consisting in part of

SATINS,
GILTS,
STAMPED GOLD,
TINTS, ETC.

NOTICE.

To Owners of Machinery made at the OREGON IRON WORKS.

SMITH BROS IRON WORKS OF PORTLAND, Oregon have the exclusive right to use all Machine and Miscellaneous PATTERNS belonging to the old Oregon Iron Works.

By order of McCULLY & COOKE.

Any orders from the Interior addressed to us will be promptly attended to.

my7d1m SMITH BROS.

CARRIAGE MAKING.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS NOW THE LARGEST CARRIAGE FACTORY in Portland. He has on hand and is making Buggies, Carriages, Express Wagons, Grocery Wagons &c.

As he imports his own material he is able to give a good article and sell at the lowest price.

His facilities for Painting Carriages are excellent, having a plastered room for the purpose.

Shop and Depository cor Jefferson and Front sts.

E SMITH.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE FIRM OF EMIL LOWENSTEIN & CO. HAS been dissolved this day by mutual consent. Either one of the undersigned is authorized to receive payment due the firm. All accounts unsettled must be closed by May 1st 1874, or legal steps will be taken for their collection.

E ZEITFUCHS,
E LOWENSTEIN,
S FROHMAN.

Portland March 30 1874 ap2d1m&p

Milk at 12½ Cents a Gallon!

I WILL FURNISH MILK TO HOTELS AT THE above price from and after this date.

April 14 1874 d1m J W BEVIS

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING MAY 15 1874

THINK OF IT

If nothing beyond the undermining of the confidence of the people in their public servants could result from keeping before the reader the short comings and misdeeds of those who are intrusted with public affairs, it were better that those short-comings and misdeeds be allowed to remain as secrets with those against whom they are charged For no matter how virtuous may be the rulers of a people especially a republican people if the governed believe them to be selfish and corrupt satisfactory administration will be impossible The confidence of the people in the personal integrity of their officers is a condition precedent to any good government under the American system

But if by keeping the wrongs of those who have had charge of the public interests constantly before the minds of the people, a repetition of such wrongs may be avoided and the evils they have entailed upon the country may be removed, then there should be no hesitancy as to what course to pursue The line of duty is plain to every man who apprehends an evil in the system of society to which he belongs and perceives the way to remedy it He must go forward He must lay the ax to the root of the tree nor desist till the needed reform is accomplished

For some time past the disclosures of official thefts in National and State Governments have followed each other in such an unbroken column, and the crimes uncovered have been of such colossal magnitude, that the public journals of the country have teemed with their recital to an extent unprecedented in the history of this, and, so far as we have any knowledge, of any other country The daily editions of the great newspapers for which America is distinguished, scarcely suffice to furnish space for the details of official transactions which are no less bad in point of morals, and scarcely better in law, than those for which private individuals are condemned to punishment in the penitentiaries every day When the veil was lifted from the Credit Mobilier corruptions, and it was seen that many of the men who stood first in the confidence of the country had been partakers of the fraud, that the very idols of the nation had been defiled with bribes, the whole country stood aghast with astonishment and mortification All recollect with what high indignation the charges against some of our leading statesmen were at first denounced by the press generally, and hurled back at their author who was by common consent set down for a hardened calumniator maliciously endeavoring, in the fall of himself and his ring of bribers to drag down reputations of which the whole American nation had a right to be proud Could Colfax have handled a bribe? Vice President Colfax, the delight of the people? Could Patterson quiet, retired, scholarly, Christian gentleman, who had been chosen Senator from the old commonwealth of New Hampshire, not because he was a skillful politician, but because he was recognized as a man too far above the arts of the politician to take any active part in political management? Could these men and men like them have received bribes? No! Repeatedly and indignantly was that generous, "No" echoed throughout the land without waiting to hear what the calumniator had to offer in support of his accusation

But alas, for the trust we put in princes As the investigation proceeded the press fell back, the whole country fell back, bewildered Then awakening, with a sickening sense of the truth they stood mute with mortification while the corpses of their heroes were buried out of sight unhonored but not unwept, unsung save in the jeers and sneers of those who sing their contempt for popular government Some millions of dollars stolen, some reputations blasted that were above all price to our country, and the curtain falls

Falls? No Only the scene is shifted Under the name of law and under the form of collecting the revenues of the country, $75 000 are extorted from a single mercantile firm of New York and sums almost as large from various others to compound for crimes they have not committed Why do they not fight it out in the courts and vindicate themselves rather than compromise? Because their places of business, their books, their correspondence, their very safes are in the hands of the irresponsible blackmailer Jayne who says "pay the amount we levy or you shall be driven out of the trade" Their credit, with hundreds of thousands of dollars, is in immediate peril They pay and the official robber pockets his moiety

Then came the Sanborn swindle by which a single individual armed with letters of marque from the Secretary of the Treasury, makes forced search of all the revenue offices in the country for information that will lead to where booty may be taken, and steals by a single operation $213 000

The next grand section of the panorama is that which exhibits the gigantic frauds in connection with the public improvements at Washington City But the details of this affair are too sickening to be dwelt long upon For among the figures which come up prominently to view we recognize the faces of Congressmen, of Senators of Governors of Cabinet officers—some of them familiar as old personal friends—and declining from very disgust to press the examination to particulars we characterize the transaction in a single word *Theft* and specify the amount stolen in another single word *Millions*

What is the remedy Know the root of the evil and the remedy is suggested Partisan politics is the foundation and support of ring operations The remedy then is plain

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A very large amount of our space this morning is occupied by the report of the Referee Hon M P Deady on the defalcations of ex Secretary May That matter has been a subject of so much discussion in Oregon that it cannot fail to be interesting

The Treasurer of Marion county on last Wednesday turned over to the Clerk the sum of $30 000 in canceled warrant

RIVER AND COAST IMPROVEMENTS

Sealed proposals were opened last Monday in Gen Michler's office for the construction of a new lighthouse at Point Adams The names of the bidders, together with the respective amounts asked for the construction of the lighthouse have been forwarded to Washington for examination and approval.

As yet the appropriations made by Congress does not contemplate the erection of new lighthouses at any point along the coast included in the limits of this District Only the construction of a few fog signals at points designated and the necessary repairs which must be made to the present lighthouses in the way of new sheds out buildings, etc are provided for in the present appropriation Unless more liberal appropriations are made no more lighthouses will be built the present season in this District

In about three weeks the surveying party under the superintendence of Gen Michler will leave this city for San Juan Island for the purpose of making surveys of certain portions of that island with a view to locating military reservations and selecting suitable places for the construction of fortifications These precautions are being observed by the Government in the event of a war between the United States and any foreign power. In such an emergency the island would subserve the purpose of a harbor of refuge to vessels belonging to the Government

Telegraphic advices from Washington received at a late date give information of the following appropriations for River Improvements the present season For the upper Columbia in the removal of rocks from the channel, $20,000; the lower Columbia and Wallamet for dredging removal of obstructions etc, $20,000, the upper Wallamet for the removal of snags, sunken logs shoals, and sand bars $6,000 As yet no official intelligence has been communicated to Gen Michler from the Department Thus far the only authority for these appropriations is the Associated Press dispatches Confirmatory information is expected in a few days

Yesterday morning Gen Michler accompanied by Capt Spotts started overland for Yaquina Bay These gentlemen will probably be absent a week or more Some time ago representations were made to the Department that the maintenance of two light houses at Yaquina was necessary It was stated that one would answer the commercial interests of that port of entry that the maintenance of two was incurring so much expense for nothing Some opposition was encountered and letters were written by several influential persons remonstrating against the proposition to abandon temporarily one of the light houses Counter representations were made and it was claimed the shipping interests of Yaquina and the commercial security of that portion of the coast absolutely required the maintenance of both beacons On receipt of such letters the Department issued orders for Gen Michler to proceed to that port and make the necessary examinations determine as near as possible the precise requirements of commerce with reference to the maintenance of one or two light houses at the Bay and to report at once the result of his investigations to the Department It is for this purpose that Gen Michler has gone to that place

Work at Perce's Slough in constructing a breakwater at the point where it leaves the Columbia is progressing slowly From present appearances work will shortly have to suspend temporarily in consequence of the high water Both the Columbia and Wallamet rivers are rising and the water in the slough is getting too high to work to much advantage An immense body of water has commenced to leave the main channel of the Columbia and to pour through the slough down into the Wallamet Already the force of the current seriously interferes with the work, and prevents the piles being driven as near together as is specified in the contract Several of those driven a few days ago have been swept away It was apprehended some days since that the work would be stopped by an injunction A gentleman who owns lands contiguous to the slough where the breakwater is being constructed, thought that in the event the stream was dammed, the water would overflow the banks and deluge the surrounding country, and thus render the land useless He came to Portland last week with the avowed purpose of filing an injunction and thus compel the work to suspend For some reason, we learn that he has abandoned the intention and has concluded to allow the work to proceed

NEW TO-DAY.

FABRE'S COFFEE STAND WHEN NEWLY FITted up will accommodate seventy persons

People's Accommodation!

For Cathlamet and Intermediate Points.

The Steamer **ONWARD** will leave American Exchange Wharf every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 7 A M for all points on the Columbia to Cathlamet and below Cathlamet when business offers

Returning—leave Cathlamet on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A M

Will run up Lewis River on Tuesday and Wednesday, and the Willamette slough on Thursday and Friday

For Frieght or Passage apply on board.

Captain G W THAYER

dtw

AUCTION SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, MAY 16,

At 10 o'clock at Salesroom cor First and Pine sts

A Large and Varied Assortment of

TREES, FLOWERS, PLANTS, &c

From Kiernan's Floral Gardens East Portland Roses Pinks Lillies Fuchias Geraniums Hyacinths Canaries Mosses Grasses Ferns Cypress Laurel Flowering Maples &c

ALSO

An Invoice of

ELEGANT GLASSWARE,

Consisting of Biscuit Boxes, Oval and Round Plates Fruit Dishes Sugar Bowls Toilet Bottles and Boxes Carte de Visite Slabs Jewel Boxes &c sold in lots to suit

FURNITURE &c

OSCAR KILBOURN & CO, Auctioneers

FAIR AND FESTIVAL!

THE

CHILDREN'S GUILD of TRINITY PARISH

Will hold a

FAIR AND FESTIVAL

In the

GOOD TEMPLARS' HALL,

Corner of Third and Alder streets on

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1874

The Hall will be open at [illegible] o'clock P M The people of Trinity Parish other friends of the Children and the public generally are cordially invited to attend

TURPENTINE AND OILS.

5000 GALLONS TURPENTINE

5000 GALLONS DEVOE'S COAL OIL

500 galls Winter Strained LARD OIL

For sale in lots to suit at lowest market rates by

W JACKSON & CO

OREGON IRON CO.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the above named Corporation will be held at the office of Ladd & Tilton in Portland on WEDNESDAY May 20th 1874 at 10 o'clock A M

PH C SCHUYLER Secretary

Portland Oregon May 11 1874

STILL MISSING!

STRAYED OR STOLEN

FROM GILLS LAKE [illegible] MILES BELOW PORTLAND, Thursday night April 30 two sorrel HORSES white faces the larger one with white hind feet branded J [illegible] on the hip the smaller with no brands or other marks Any person returning said horses or furnishing information of them to the Brooklyn House [illegible] street between [illegible] Portland will be liberally rewarded

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to the

COR MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Merchant Tailors.

Better Prepared than Ever

TO SUIT ALL.

The Fashionable Clothiers.

FISHEL & ROBERTS,

Cor. First and Washington Sts.

Extra Stock of White Shirts

Full Stock Furnishing Goods

THE MOST

Popular Place in the City.

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

B. L. STONE,

THE JEWELER,

HAS OPENED A NEW AND ELEGANT AS assortment of

Diamonds,

Fine Jewelry,

Watches;

Silver Ware, etc.

A personal inspection of the new styles in the market has enabled me to select the very choicest articles

Arrangements have been made with the San Francisco and Eastern manufacturers to supply me with all the latest productions in Fine Jewelry Watches Silver Ware Antique Clocks and all goods in my line by every steamer

Goods sold at the very lowest rates and at ONE PRICE ONLY Special inducements to dealers

No plated Jewelry of any description kept in my establishment.

Particular attention paid to repairing Fine Jewelry and Watches and at reduced prices

Watches and Jewelry made to order

RECOLLECT THE NUMBER

103 Front Street, bet. Alder and Morrison.

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A GOOD BLACKSMITH APPLY AT S G BUNTING'S Carriage Manufactory Second and Morrison sts.

WANTED

A GIRL TO DO COOKING AND HOUSEwork Reference required Apply at S W corner of Third and Market streets may12 3t

WANTED

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS WITH PRIVilege of Bath room within the limits of Stark and Main and Fifth and Tenth streets References exchanged Address P O BOX N

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN POSSESSING SOME MECHANical skill and business ability Address P O BOX 31

TO LET.

HOUSES FOR RENT,

IN EAST PORTLAND $5 TO $10 PER MONTH Apply to KIRK SHELDON East Portland ap30dim

FOR RENT.

OFFICES IN SECOND STORY BRICK BUILDING Apply at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A STORE WAREHOUSE AND STOCK of GOODS in a thriving town on the O & C R R One of the oldest and best stands in the State The owner will sell out entire or will take in a suitable partner as he wishes to be relieved from business on account of health Enquire of FERRY WOODWARD & CO

FARM FOR SALE.

ON UMATILLA RIVER 13 MILES FROM UMAtilla Landing There is 160 acres of land 90 acres fenced a good log house stable fruit trees and other shrubbery sufficient timber for fencing and fuel For further particulars address or enquire of E A WILSON Wilson Hotel Umatilla Or jan31tf

AUCTION!

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes

WILL BE SOLD

THE NEXT TEN DAYS,

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT AUCTION PRICES,

At the

Opposition Boot & Shoe Store,

Corner First and Stark streets

PORTLAND OREGON

E D NEIMEYER W H UTTER

NEIMEYER & UTTER,

Merchant Tailors,

FIRST STREET BET OAK AND PINE

NEW GOODS PERFECT FITS

LATEST STYLES MODERATE TERMS

To Contractors

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland until 10 o'clock M Saturday May 16 1874 for furnishing material and planking the intersection of Stark and First streets as provided by Ordinance No 1[illegible] A plan can be seen by application as above

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders in the sum of five hundred dollars to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will upon its being so awarded enter into a contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved

LUZERNE BESSER

J H LYON

F M BUTTON

Committee on Streets and Public Property

Notice to Shippers.

FROM AND AFTER DATE AND UNTIL FURther notice Freight on Flour Wheat Oats and Barley shipped per Oregon Steamship Company's Steamers will be FOUR DOLLARS per ton to San Francisco

GEO W WEIDLER Agt

Portland May 1 1874 1idst

AMUSEMENTS.

East Portland Park

TREBER & LUDWIG, Proprietors

GRAND OPENING

SUNDAY, MAY 10, 1874,

When will be offered to the public of the two Cities

A Grand Musical Melange, by the

EAST PORTLAND BAND.

A new DANCING FLOOR has been constructed where all can enjoy the Art Terpsichore

Among the Attractions are a

SHOOTING GALLERY, SWINGS, Etc

The proprietors guarantee satisfaction to visitors every precaution being taken to prevent any disturbances

NEW ATTRACTIONS EVERY SUNDAY

Admission 25 Cents

GRAND EXCURSION

AND

BASKET PICNIC!

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

PORTLAND

Hibernian Benevolent Society,

AT

MOAR'S GROVE, ON SAUVIE'S ISLAND,

TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1874

The Magnificent Steamer

"WILLAMETTE CHIEF!"

Has been chartered for the occasion Also, a Barge elegantly decorated will accompany the Steamer and afford an opportunity for Dancing both to and from the grounds

AN EXCELLENT

BRASS AND STRING BAND!

WILL FURNISH MUSIC

The Grounds have been selected and prepared with a view to comfort in regard to shade and opportunity for Lunch

A GRAND PLATFORM to accommodate the votaries of Terpsichore has been erected and all the Field Sports comprising

Quoit Pitching,

Kicking Foot Ball,

Sack Racing,

Wheelbarrow Racing

Climbing a Greased Pole,

Chasing a Fat Hog,

Fat Man's Race,

Swinging, &c &c.

Tickets, for Gentlemen, $1 Ladies, 50c Children under 1[illegible] years free

Tickets to be obtained from any member of the Society

THE

OREGON FURNITURE MFG CO.

SUCCESSORS TO

Emil Lowenstein & Co and Hurgren & Shindler

MANUFACTURERS & IMPORTERS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Furniture and Bedding,

CARPETS, MATTING, CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPER, &c.

WARE AND SALESROOMS

Nos 90, 92, 94 and 96 Front Street

Bet Alder and Washington

Steam Factory Front street corner of Madison

The O F M Co has just received an immense stock of CARPETS and WALL PAPER direct from the Manufacturers, which are offered at low rates

The Steam Factory is now being fitted up with machinery of the latest and most improved patterns and when completed will enable the Company to manufacture all kinds of Furniture at prices defying competition

Orders are solicited my1d1m

WANTED! WANTED! WANTED!

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!

WE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL PAY THE Highest Market Price for Wool We pay according to its Quality and Grade Wool Growers Merchants and Grangers will always find it to their advantage to call on us before disposing of their Wool Clip

We also solicit Consignments and will pay liberal Cash Advances on the same We are in the Wool business since 186[illegible] in this State and have established for our Oregon Wool a good name [illegible] therefore can do better for Wool Growers [illegible] than any other House in this State For further information call on

KOSHLAND BROS

[illegible] First [illegible] Or

[illegible] WOOL BAGS [illegible]

GRAIN WAREHOUSE

IN GERVAIS MARION COUNTY

FOR SALE,

A WELL BUILT COMMODIOUS WAREhouse [illegible] in bulk situated at [illegible] the O & C R R at Gervais Marion County Oregon Being the only Grain Warehouse at that point, the above is a safe and profitable investment for farmers or warehousemen

Apply to

HENRY HEWETT & CO

Portland Oregon

HOUSE MOVING.

HAVING A FULL SET OF IMPROVED MAchinery for raising and moving Buildings and other heavy bodies and having fifteen years experience in the business I am prepared to do the same with dispatch Those having such will please call on me within before letting contracts Residence and office southeast corner of Sixth and Alder streets

WM O ALLEN

myl 1m m

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos 7 and 8 in Gilman's Building corner First and Ash streets Portland

---

GREAT REDUCTION

IN

DRY GOODS!

BRADLEY, MARSH & CO.

Are now offering the whole of their newly imported and valuable Stock of

DRY GOODS

at extraordinary Low Prices. They would respectfully advise the public that their Stock consists ONLY of New and Seasonable Goods, which will be sold less than the cost of old half-worn-out auction-bought rubbish They feel it their imperative duty to inform buyers of the many advantages their house offers, for if their good name and fame did not go forth of them, it were all like as if they had them not.

The following quotations will serve to indicate the sweeping reductions made:

Rich Black Silk, $1 75 per yard, worth $1 75.

Extra Wide Gros Grains do , $2 per yard, worth $3

Bonnet Silks, $3 per yard, worth $4 75.

Rich Pongee Silks, 75 cents per yard, worth $1

Swiss Silks, 95 cents per yard, worth $1.

Yeddo Poplins, 25 cents per yard, worth 35 cents.

Japanese Silks, 37½ cents per yard, worth 50 cents.

Japanese Poplins, 25 cents per yard, worth 37½ cents

All Wool Empress, 50 cents per yard, worth 62½ cents.

All Wool French Merinos, 75 cents per yard, worth $1.

500 pieces Dress Goods, 25 cents per yard, worth 37½ cents

Pim's Irish Poplins, $1 25 per yard, worth $2

Melange Cloth, 50 cents per yard, worth 75 cents

Etruscan Cloth, 50 cents per yard, worth 75 cents.

Challie de Sole, 50 cents per yard, worth 87½ cents.

Frou Frou Cloth, 65 cents per yard, worth 87½ cents.

BLACK GOODS!!

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

BLACK CASHMERE,

BLACK MERINO,

BLACK TAMISE CLOTH,

BLACK BIARRITZ CLOTH,

BLACK CAMEL'S HAIR CLOTH,

BLACK SATIN DE CHINE,

BLACK "FARMERS' SATIN,"

BLACK CRETONE,

BLACK FOULARD,

BLACK CARMELITE,

BLACK EMPRESS CLOTH

BLACK GRENADINES,

BLACK LUSTRES,

BLACK ALPACAS,

&c, &c, &c.

Nottingham Lace	[illegible] cts per yard
Double Width Sheeting	[illegible] cts per yard
All Linen Towels	$1 per dozen
All Linen Napkins	$1 [illegible] per dozen
All Linen Crash	10 cts per yard
Heavy Table Linen	[illegible] cts per yard
Canton Flannel	[illegible] cts per yard
Reversible Spreads	$1 each
Shaker Flannel	[illegible] cts per yard
All Wool Tweeds	75 cts per yard
Men's Merino Shirts and Pants	[illegible] cts each
Ladies Merino Vests	[illegible] cts each
Ladies and Misses Hose	$1 [illegible] per dozen
Jouvin's Kid Gloves first choice	$1 [illegible] per pair
Brussels Kid Gloves (warranted)	$1 per pair
All Linen Handkerchief	$1 [illegible] per dozen
Parasols large variety from	[illegible] cts each
Shawls a Splendid New Stock from	$[illegible] each
French Baptiste Cloth	25 cts per yard
French Corded Pique	20 cts per yard
Yard Wide English Prints	20 cts per yard
Best American Prints	10 cts per yard

All Domestic Goods will be Sold at Cost!

Cash Buyers Can Save 25 Per Cent. by Purchasing at this Establishment.

Farmers and Grangers treated as Wholesale Buyers!

Cash Advanced on Every Description of Oregon Produce!

AGENTS FOR

Laird's Patent Seamless Grain Bags!

Pear's London Soap!

Price's London Perfumery!

Handasyde's Composition!

Printing Paper!

Imported Ink and Types!

&c, &c., &c.

BRADLEY, MARSH & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRY GOODS WAREHOUSEMEN

AND GENERAL IMPORTERS OF

English and American Goods,

COR. FIRST AND STARK STS,

Portland, Oregon.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steamer

AJAX,

FRED BOLLES Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street for the above port,

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1874

At 4 o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front streets

GEO W WEIDLER Agent

FOR VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE, AND SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street for the above ports,

MONDAY, JUNE 1st, 1874,

At 4 o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner of F and Front streets

GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A M

FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A M

FOR ASTORIA—Monday Wednesday, and Friday at 6 A M

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A M.

FOR MONTICELLO, via Willamette Slough Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 A M

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A M

S G REED Vice President.

Oregon Steamship Company's

STEAMBOATS.

Notice.

FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 22d the steamer

E. N. COOKE

Will leave OREGON CITY every day (Sunday excepted) at 7 30 A M for Portland returning, will leave Portland for Oregon City at 2:30 P M.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A M connecting at Canemah with the steamer DAYTON on Tuesday and Friday connecting at Oregon City with the O & C R R Co at 3 P M. on Wednesday and Saturday for Portland

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O & C R R Co, at REDUCED RATES

All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE.

Freight received until 5 P M

J D BILES, Agent

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W TROUPE Master

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf for Vancouver, at 3 P M

Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

The Steamer Calliope

WILL MAKE TRI WEEKLY TRIPS between

Portland, Monticello and Freeport,

Leaving American Exchange Wharf every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 o'clock A. M. calling in at Lewis River on Wednesday up and Thursday down Will come up Willamette Slough on Monday, and go down the Slough on Tuesdays

For Freight or Passage apply on board

HATS! HATS! HATS!

All the New Styles for

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,

IN GREAT VARIETY

Selling 25 per cent. Cheaper

Than any other Hat Store in Oregon

CURRIER & CO.,

ap25dim&p 73 First Street.

STORAGE.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO REceive on Storage

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

In their Warehouse on Front street just below R R Ferry Landing

BARNARD & GRISWOLD.

"ADAM'S" CHOP HOUSE,

128 First Street,

ANTONIO PERPICH, - PROPRIETOR.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ABOVE POPULAR stand I invite my friends and the public to call Fifteen years experience enables me to ensure satisfaction

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

Private Rooms for Ladies

GO AND GET FIRST CLASS WORK DONE.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Repaired and tuned

All work guaranteed to be perfect Orders from abroad promptly attended to by

ALBERT BARTSCHE Piano Maker

Corner Third and Salmon street, Portland

ap[illegible]

OSCAR KILBOURN & CO.,

Auction, Commission and Storage.

BRICK BUILDING COR FIRST AND PINE ST

Will Purchase and Sell at Auction and Private

Real Estate, Merchandise, Furniture, &c.

ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENT

PHIL SAUNDERS,

Has Opened his Exchange,

N E Cor [illegible] street

AN EXCELLENT LUNCH DAILY

WHITE GOODS—SWISS MULL DOTTED Swiss India Book Mull Twill French Tuck Muslin Tucked Frocking, [illegible] Striped and Checked Nainsook and Jaconet Brussels Nett [illegible] Lace Curtains &c

HAMBURGH EMBROIDERIES and other N Goods received direct from New York

JOHN WILSON

10 Third St

REMOVAL

DR FILKINGTON HAS REMOVED HIS RESIdence to Judge Page's house S W corner of Sixth and Salmon street

ap[illegible] 1m

AUCTION AND COM[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK [illegible]

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL [illegible] CHANDISE AND HORSES,

Sale Days---Wednesday and [illegible]

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES and [illegible]

Liberal advances made on Co[illegible]

To parties declining House keeping [illegible] that I will purchase Second Hand Fu[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

REAL ESTATE,

FURNITURE, GROCERIES,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, &c

I will sell at my Auction Sales[illegible]

WEDNESDAY MAY 2[illegible]

At 10 o'clock A M

GROCERIES

10 cs OLIVE OIL qts and pts

100 bxs CANDLES

10 bxs C O SOAP

[illegible] bxs TOILET SOAP

5 bxs SAPONIA

ALSO

A Large Assortment of FANCY G[illegible]

ALSO

1 IRON SAFE

ALSO

2 sets DOUBLE HARNE[illegible]

ALSO

600 pieces BURR LINEN [illegible]

FURNITURE,

A. B. RICHARDSON, A[illegible]

INSURANCE.

UNION

Insurance Comp[illegible]

FIRE AND MAR[illegible]

Capital, paid up in Gold [illegible]

Assets, exceed - [illegible]

BRANCH OFFICE FOR [illegible]

First National Bank Build[illegible]

EDWIN D BA[illegible]

my1dtf&w1m

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

OREGON BRA[illegible]

Fireman's Fund I[illegible]

Assets Jan. 1, '74, - [illegible]

FOR RELIABILITY AND FA[illegible]ING, AS HAS BEEN PRO[illegible]

WE STAND

SECOND TO N[illegible]

EDW'D HALL, [illegible]

ap22d1m No [illegible] Front [illegible]

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE [illegible]

OF SAN FRANC[illegible]

Fire and Marine I[illegible]

Capital.........$1,[illegible]

JOHN H. REDINGTON

GEO H. HOWARD

CHAS R STORY

N B EDDY

H. H. BIGELOW

DIRECTO[illegible]

Oregon B[illegible]

PORTLAND P Wasserman C [illegible] smith D Macleay, [illegible]

SALEM

ALBANY

DALLES

LEWISTON

HAMILTON [illegible]

Agent for Oregon and W[illegible]

COMMISSION MERC[illegible]

CONNELL & [illegible]

SHIPPING & COMMISSION [illegible]

FRONT STREET [illegible]

Dealers in Flour Wheat, Oats [illegible] lings Bran [illegible]

Also—A Large Assortment of [illegible] AND BLINDS

Call and see before purchasing [illegible] special arrangements we receive [illegible] every week

JANION & R[illegible]

FRONT STREET [illegible]

Offer for sale F[illegible] Bayette

TIN PLATES,

PIG IR[illegible]

TABLE SALT,

CURRAN[illegible]

&c &c., &[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS [illegible]

BLUE LICK

WHISKEY

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED [illegible] for the above [illegible] Whiskey I am in rece[illegible] in barrels half barrel [illegible] and cases [illegible] and offer to the trade at jobbing rates

H. FLECKENSTEIN

SOLE AGENT

Wholesale Dealer in Wines and [illegible]

No [illegible] Taylor street

KEEP DRY.

HAVING RECEIVED THE AGENCY [illegible]

CAPE ANN OIL SKIN MANUF[illegible]

COMPANY,

[illegible] trade through [illegible]

H WOLF [illegible] AGENT

[illegible] Front [illegible] Washington [illegible]

Wm PFUNDER

APOTHECARY

DEUTSCHE [illegible]

CORNER [illegible]

PRESCRIPTIONS A [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING MAY 1[illegible] 1874

CITY.

SWARM OF BEES.—Yesterday afternoon at [illegible] o'clock a large swarm of bees was observed [illegible] to pass [illegible] near the [illegible] First [illegible] small plum tree Mr R H Tapp who kee[illegible] hors [illegible] at that place was [illegible] first person to [illegible] the warm [illegible] started after the bees [illegible] them [illegible] a loud [illegible] down [illegible] matter to drive the swarm into the [illegible] they were secured Subsequently Mr [illegible] transferred the swarm to a [illegible] hive [illegible] experienced [illegible] the large [illegible] and a [illegible] swarm [illegible] the bees [illegible] southwest [illegible] direction [illegible] country [illegible] knowledge where a swarm of bees has been captured in the streets of Portland

ACCIDENT NEAR [illegible].—Since the re[illegible] of Dr [illegible] from [illegible] the river we have obtained the following additional particulars concerning the accident which occurred [illegible] Sauvie's Island on Wednesday afternoon [illegible] O A Lance on the afternoon of that day [illegible] driving from a neighbor's house toward [illegible] own with a wagon load of live hogs [illegible] way he got down to open a gate One of [illegible] horses was a young animal and no sooner [illegible] Mr Lance leave the team than the half broken one started to run off The other animal was not inclined to run and so the team passed in the direction of a half circle Lance ran forward and meeting the team caught them by the bit But he lost his footing and fell under their feet the wagon passing over him One of the wheels passed over Mr Lance's body, between the stomach and lower portion of the abdomen severely, and probably fatally injuring him The injuries are of an internal nature and the result cannot be determined for the present

A PATENT SICKLE.—Mr S Plymale formerly lessee of the Skating Rink has recently invented a new kind of sickle which can be used in connection with either a reaper [illegible] er, or mower By attaching two cranks to the wheel which drives the sickle two sickles are made to move constantly in opposite directions Both the sickles [illegible] each other as the wheel revolves It is [illegible] necessary to have any [illegible] as the sickles cut everything which comes within their reach There can be no [illegible] getting foul as the long shear like teeth [illegible] everything perfectly clear Mr Plymale has shown his patent to several experienced farmers who are of the opinion that it is superior to any patent which has yet been invented of the kind and that it cannot fail to be successful and become generally adopted by farmers One great advantage of this invention is that it can be attached to any ordinary reaper without additional cost Mr Plymale has applied for a patent some weeks ago

TELEGRAPH MATTERS.—This morning a gang of men under the superintendency of [illegible] Crouch will commence work at Roseburg to reconstruct the telegraph line from that place to Yreka a distance of 160 miles All [illegible] necessary material—wire insulators etc [illegible] at Roseburg and as the roads have become firm and the weather settled the work will be pushed forward with all speed Mr [illegible] mond who has been over [illegible] the Sound several weeks past in reconstructing the line from Tacoma to Victoria will complete the work by Saturday next He will return to Portland and immediately proceed south to assist in the work there going forward. [illegible] question of constructing a line from Rose[illegible] to Coos Bay—a distance of [illegible] miles—is being agitated Although not definitely settled [illegible] quite probable that this important line [illegible] soon be built

DECORATION DAY.—We learn that the members of Canby and Baker Post G A R of [illegible] city, are making the most thorough preparations to celebrate Decoration Day—May 30[illegible] in a manner worthy of the peculiar National significance of the event Should the [illegible] prove propitious it is very likely that the customary ceremonies of strewing the graves of fallen comrades with fragrant garlands [illegible] take place at the Lone Fir Cemetery, w[illegible] they were held last year In the evening appropriate oration will be delivered by a speaker chosen Invitations [illegible] learn, [illegible] been or will be extended to other Posts in [illegible] State and delegations from abroad are exp[illegible]ed All the preliminary arrangements, [illegible] have not been effected but judging [illegible] preparations the event will be celebrated [illegible] manner becoming its character

PASSENGERS.—The steamship *John L [illegible] phe* which [illegible] last evening for San F[illegible]cisco from [illegible] carried away the fo[illegible]ing passengers H H Johnson wife and [illegible] Dr Simpson wife and daughter Hon [illegible] Deady [illegible] Knap Eugene Semple [illegible] Snow [illegible] Geo F Holman [illegible] Failing [illegible] Parser Mrs Ida [illegible] Miss Kate [illegible] Failing and wife [illegible] Hosmer [illegible] Samuel [illegible] Whiting [illegible] Wm [illegible] rigan R A Latt[illegible] (two children) W S Ladd [illegible] Miss Ca[illegible] Lall Miss Nell[illegible] Holder [illegible] Dell Cooke Mr A [illegible] wife Mrs [illegible] tel H H Gray [illegible] Mrs [illegible] Walton [illegible] H Walton [illegible] and [illegible] in the steerage

ST JOSEPH'S SCHOOL PICNIC.—On Wed[illegible]day the picnic of the pupils of St Jose[illegible] Parochial school under the management [illegible] Misses Annie [illegible] was [illegible] at the East Portland Park The day [illegible] one of the finest of the season The child[illegible] congregated at the school house at an e[illegible] hour from whence they marched in pro[illegible]sion to the ferry thence to the East Port[illegible] Park where they enjoyed themselves to [illegible] hearts content The exercises consist[illegible] crowning the May Queen songs proper to [illegible] occasion etc interspersed with other am[illegible]ments Quite a number of the parents [illegible] friends attended who enjoyed it quite as much as did the little ones They ret[illegible] about [illegible] P M satisfied with the day's p[illegible]antness

UP THE COLUMBIA.—The Columbia riv[illegible] continually but slowly rising and has rea[illegible] a good boating stage There are three [illegible] running above the Dalles—*Tenino Yakim[illegible] Owyhee* The *Tenino* is used as a passe[illegible] boat and makes trips twice a week to [illegible]ton and Wallula The other two boats [illegible] used exclusively to transport freight [illegible] mencing with next Saturday the *Owyhee* [illegible] *Yakima* will bring down about 200 tons [illegible] wheat per day for the following eight [illegible] days

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records [illegible] U S Signal Station of Observation [illegible] Oregon May 14 1874

	A M	[illegible] M	[illegible]
Thermometer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wind	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Weather	Fair	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rain [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] ing to [illegible] at the Taylor street M [illegible] [illegible]

PICNICS

[illegible]

PERSONAL

Mr W [illegible] of the [illegible] returned from California [illegible] last evening He has been [illegible] State about nine months Most of [illegible] Mr Barlow has been traveling in the [illegible] California to benefit his health and [illegible] under medical treatment His hea[illegible] been greatly benefitted although he [illegible] very feeble

...TION AND COMMISSION.

...A. B. RICHARDSON,

...UCTIONEER

...OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

...ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL ME... CHANDISE AND HORSES

...ys---Wednesday and Saturday,

At Private Sale.

...rtment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS ...al advances made on Consignments ...es declining House keeping I will mention ... purchase Second Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

...gular and Peremptory Sale

OF

...REAL ESTATE,

...NITURE, GROCERIES,

...AL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

...ll sell at my Auction Salesroom, on
...EDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1874
At 10 o clock A M

GROCERIES.

...LIVE OIL qts and pt
...CANDLES
...C O SOAP
...TOILET SOAP
...SAPONIA

ALSO

...Assortment of FANCY GLASSWARE

ALSO

...N SAFE

ALSO

...OUBLE HARNESS

ALSO

...ces BURP LINEN 10 yards each

ALSO

...TURE

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

INSURANCE.

UNION

...urance Company,

FIRE AND MARINE.

...al, paid up in Gold Coin $750,000
...s, exceed - $1 000,000

...NCH OFFICE FOR OREGON
...National Bank Building, Portland.
EDWIN D. BACKINSTO...,
...dwlm General Ag...

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

...OREGON BRANCH

...man's Fund Ins Co

...ts Jan. 1, '74, - $558,413 ...

...RELIABILITY AND FAIR DEAL...
...NG, AS HAS BEEN PROVED
WE STAND
...SECOND TO NONE!
...W'D HALL, Manage...
...dlm No. 98 Front st...

HOME

...TUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO

...e and Marine Insurance.

...pital ....$1,000 000.
...H. REDINGTON ...
...H. HOWARD...
...R. STORY... Marin...
...EDDY
...BIGELOW ... Genera...

DIRECTORS.

Oregon Branch.

...LAND. P Wasserman C H Le... ...swalth D Macleay Lloy...

HAMILTON BOYD
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territ...

...OMMISSION MERCHANTS

...CONNELL & CO.,
...PING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
27 FRONT STREET
...rs in Flour, Wheat, Oats, Chop Fe... ...lings, Bran, Etc, Etc
A Large Assortment of DOORS WINDOW... AND BLINDS.
...and see before purchasing elsewher... ...l arrangement, we receive Fresh Bu... ...eek.

...ASION & RHODES,

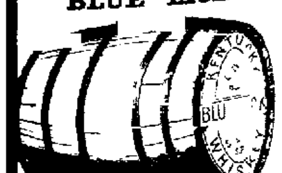
FRONT STREET PORTLAND

...for sale Ex "Vesta," in lots to Buyers:

...N PLATES,
PIG IRON,
CEMENT
...BLE SALT,
CURRANTS,
SARDINES
&c., &c., &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLUE LICK



WHISKEY.

...AVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE A... for the above celebrated brand ... ...s I am in receipt of six mon... ...rrels half barrels and case... ...d to offer to the trad at jobbing ...

H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT
...olesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors
...No 11 First near Taylor street.

KEEP DRY.

...AVE PROCURED THE AGENCY ...
...OIL SKIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
[illegible]
...H WOLF...

Wm PFUNDER
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST
DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE
CORNER FIRST & OAK STREET PORTLAND
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING MAY 15 1874

CITY.

SWARM OF BEES—Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock a large swarm of bees was observed to pass over a house near the corner of [illegible] and First streets and to alight on the bough of a small plum tree Mr R. H Tapp who keeps a horse training school at that place was the first person to observe the swarm He immediately picked up an old empty oil can and started after the bees intent on swarming them By pounding on the can and making a loud noise, he soon induced the bees to settle down on a bough It then became an easy matter to drive the swarm into the can where they were secured Subsequently Mr Tapp transferred the swarm to a sugar barrel where they are at present Persons who are experienced in apiarian matters state that it is one of the largest swarms they have ever yet seen and give it as their opinion that there are two swarms. The bees came from a southwestern direction and doubtless started from the country This is the only instance to our knowledge where a swarm of bees has been captured in the streets of Portland

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS—Since the return of Dr Strong from down the river we have obtained the following additional particulars concerning the accident which occurred at Sauvie's Island on Wednesday afternoon Mr O A. Lance, on the afternoon of that day was driving from a neighbor's house towards his own with a wagon load of live hogs On the way he got down to open a gate One of the horses was a young animal and no sooner did Mr Lance leave the team than the half broken one started to run off The other animal was not inclined to run and so the team passed in the direction of a half circle Lance ran forward, and meeting the team caught them by the bits But he lost his footing and fell under their feet the wagon passing over him. One of the wheels passed over Mr Lance's body between the stomach and lower portion of the abdomen, severely, and probably fatally, injuring him The injuries are of an internal nature and the result cannot be determined for the present.

A PATENT SICKLE.—Mr S Plymale, former lessee of the Skating Rink, has recently invented a new kind of sickle, which can be used in connection with either a reaper head or mower By attaching two cranks to the wheel which drives the sickle two sickles are made to move constantly in opposite directions Both the sickles slide in grooves past each other as the wheel revolves It is not necessary to have any "feeders" as the two sickles cut everything which comes within their reach There can be no gumming up or getting foul, as the long shear like teeth keep everything perfectly clear Mr Plymale has shown his patent to several experienced farmers, who are of the opinion that it is superior to any patent which has yet been invented of the kind, and that it cannot fail to be successful and become generally adopted by the farmers. One great advantage of this invention is that it can be attached to any ordinary reaper without additional cost Mr Plymale has applied for a patent some weeks ago

TELEGRAPH MATTERS—This morning a gang of men under the superintendency of Mr Couch will commence work at Roseburg to reconstruct the telegraph line from that place to Yreka, a distance of 165 miles. All the necessary material—wire, insulators, etc,—is at Roseburg, and as the roads have become firm and the weather settled, the work will be pushed forward with all speed Mr Richmond, who has been over on the Sound for several weeks past in reconstructing the line from Tacoma to Victoria, will complete his work by Saturday next He will return to Portland and immediately proceed south to assist in the work there going forward The question of constructing a line from Roseburg to Coos Bay—a distance of 75 miles—is being agitated. Although not definitely settled it is quite probable that this important line will soon be built.

DECORATION DAY—We learn that the members of Canby and Baker Post, G A R, of this city are making the most thorough preparations to celebrate Decoration Day—May 30th—in a manner worthy of the peculiar National significance of the event. Should the day prove propitious, it is very likely that the customary ceremonies of strewing the graves of fallen comrades with fragrant garlands, will take place at the Lone Fir Cemetery, where they were held last year In the evening an appropriate oration will be delivered by some speaker chosen Invitations, we learn, have been or will be extended to other Posts in the State and delegations from abroad are expected *All the preliminary arrangements*, as yet, have not been effected, but judging from preparations, the event will be celebrated in a manner becoming its character

PASSENGERS.—The steamship *John L. Stephens*, which sailed last evening for San Francisco from this port carried away the following passengers H E Johnson wife and child, Dr Simpson, wife and daughter Hon M P Deady, Mr Belknap Eugene Semple, A E Snow, Rev J D Eaton Geo P Holman, Jas F Failing, Miss E M Hansen Miss Ida Iiisley Miss Kate Peoples, Josiah Failing and wife T Hoomer and wife R McKenzie, Samuel A Whiting, L Newman, J A Johnson, Wm Harrigan, R A Patterson wife and two children W S Ladd and wife Chas Ladd Miss Carrie Ladd, Miss Nellie Ladd Miss E Holder H Dell Cooke Mr Ackerman and wife Mrs Harstel, H H Gray and wife, Mrs Nancy Walton I H Walton, Wells Fargo & Co's Messenger and 23 in the steerage

ST JOSEPH'S SCHOOL PICNIC—On Wednesday, the picnic of the pupils of St Joseph's Parochial school, under the management of Misses Annie and Emma Showers was given at the East Portland Park. The day being one of the finest of the season the children congregated at the school house at an early hour, from whence they marched in procession to the ferry, thence to the East Portland Park, where they enjoyed themselves to their hearts' content The exercises consisted of crowning the May Queen songs proper to the occasion, etc interspersed with other amusements. Quite a number of the parents and friends attended, who enjoyed it quite as much as did the little ones. They returned about 5 P M satisfied with the day's pleasure

UP THE COLUMBIA—The Columbia river is continually but slowly rising and has reached a good boating stage There are three boats running above the Dalles—*Tenino* *Yakima* and *Owyhee*. The *Tenino* is used as a passenger boat, and makes trips twice a week to Lewiston and Wallula. The other two boats are used exclusively to transport freight. Commencing with next Saturday the *Owyhee* and *Yakima* will bring down about 200 tons of wheat per day for the following eight or ten days.

WEATHER REPORT—From the records of the U S. Signal Station of Observation Portland Oregon, May 14 1874

	7 A M	2 P M	9 P M
Thermometer	51°	[illegible]	60
Wind, direction	Calm	Calm	Calm
Weather	Foggy	Clear	C[illegible]
Rainfall			None

LADIES' MEETING—Union temperance meeting to-night at the Taylor street M E Church Exercises will begin promptly at 7 30 The meeting will be in charge of the [illegible] The public are cordially invited

PICNICS

City Rifles will give a picnic [illegible] of June.

Grand picnic to be given by the Portland Hibernian Society—time May 19—place Morris farm on Sauvie's island

The Taylor street M E S S picnic will be held at Canby probably next week Preparations are making for a grand time Passenger coaches will be provided by the Railroad Co On Saturday evening next at 7 o'clock the election of May Queen will take place at the Sunday school room

PERSONAL

Mr W W Barlow a well known gentleman of this city, returned from California on the last steamer He has been absent from the State about nineteen months Most of the time Mr Barlow has been traveling in the East and California, to benefit his health, and has been under medical treatment His health has been greatly benefitted although he is still very feeble.

I. O. R. M.

At an early hour yesterday morning the sounds of music gave token that the first picnic of the season was to take place The appearance of Multnomah and Oneonta Tribes in procession under the Marshalship of Mr I J Jeffery and headed by the Portland Brass Band made assurance doubly sure A short march and they arrived at the foot of Alder street where the new and elegant steamer *Wallowa*, Capt [illegible] was lying in wait for the excursionists So steady and continuous were the arrivals that it seemed as though there never would be an end to the number and the time for departure having arrived the order was reluctantly given to weigh anchor Amid waving of many handkerchiefs and an outpouring of delicious strains from the band the noble vessel gradually moved off with its hundreds of people of both sexes and all ages That careful engineer John Marshall now threw the throttle valve open the beautiful machinery was set in full motion and the boat sped on its way steadily and rapidly Capt Holman at the helm guided the vessel in its course and in less than an hour and a half the steamer with her living freight touched at her destination—midway down Willamette Slough on the Sauvie's Island side of the stream The excursionists soon debarked and a brief walk brought them to the picnic grounds While some were engaged in preparing for lunch others filled the dancing floor and the day's festivities commenced It was noon and sharpened appetites had to be appeased so the various [illegible] were soon besieged It was our good fortune to be among a dozen or more invited guests to Capt [illegible] lay out and we with others did ample justice to the viands which were plentiful This interesting portion of the programme over dancing was resumed While some adopted this mode of enjoying themselves others engaged in games etc In fact there seemed to be every preparation made by the management and private parties for enjoyments of some kind At 2 o clock Dr John B Pilkington was introduced and after a few introductory remarks delivered the

ORATION

The story of our origin has been rehearsed so often in your hearing that I will not take the time, which would be begrudged by our music and dance loving maidens and youths to tax your patience with more than a brief outline

The first organization is now believed to have dated back to the middle period of the Revolutionary war Indeed there seems to be considerable ground for the inference that our Washington whose birth day is one of the sacred days of the Order was in strong sympathy with if not actually a member of the earliest organization It was called at first the Society of St Tammany and its purposes were identical with those of the first Society of Red Men

This Tammany was a great Indian chief whose fame extended far and wide among the whites who fabricated numerous legends about him In the Revolutionary war his enthusiastic admirers dubbed him a saint and he was established under the name of St Tammany the Patron Saint of America His name was inserted in calendars and his festival celebrated on either the 1st or the 12th of May in every year On that day a numerous society of his votaries marched in procession through the streets of Philadelphia, wearing hats decorated with buck tails and proceeding to a handsome rural resort in the vicinity held a "*long talk*" or speech making and when the calumet, or pipe of peace and plenty had been smoked, spent the day in festivity and mirth After a feast, Indian dances were performed on the green in front of the wigwam the calumet was again smoked, and the company separated

The following lines will show how those primitive Red Men cherished the memory of this Indian saint

Immortal Tammany of Indian race
Great in the field and foremost in the chase
No puny saint was he with fasting pale
He climbed the mountains and he swept the vale
Rushed thro the torrent with unequaled might
(Your *ancient* saints would tremble at the sight—)
Caught the swift boar the swifter deer with ease
And worked a *thousand* miracles like these

To public views he added private ends
He loved his country most and next his friends
With courage long he strove to ward the blow
(Courage we all respect e'en in a foe)
And when each effort he in vain had tried
Kindled the flame in which he bravely died
To *Tammany* let the full horn go round
His fame let every honest tongue resound
With him let every generous patriot vie
To live with freedom or with *honor die*

Concerning the later organization of Red Men, we have much more full and authentic evidence It may be remembered that this period was one of the darkest in our country's history The American nation had been striving to maintain a neutral and peaceful policy toward England and France, and had suffered from both Governments terribly in her commerce England had on the one hand issued her orders in council" forbidding all neutrals to trade in French ports while as a retaliatory measure the Emperor Napoleon had issued decrees to keep all neutrals from ports belonging to Great Britain For disobeying these unlawful decrees and orders (unauthorized by any law of nations) both Powers had taken and condemned a large number of American vessels as prizes From 1803 to 1811 900 richly laden American vessels had been captured by the British alone The American Government by its agents had protest and remonstrated with these Powers in decided terms but in vain Finally Congress laid an embargo which deprived those nations injuring American commerce of the advantages of her trade This measure bore hard upon the people and was exceedingly unpopular There were many other causes of complaint among which was the famous "right of search" and finally in 1812 President Madison laid before Congress documents which proved that the British Government by its agent, Sir James Craig Governor of Canada, had sent John Henry as an emissary to the United States to intrigue with leading members of the Federal party and induce them if possible to form the eastern portion of the Union into a Province dependent upon Great Britain

The American Government declared war in June, 1812 but commenced it with crippled finances, almost without revenue, she had an army of only 9 000 men, and a navy consisting of only ten frigates, ten sloops of war and one hundred and sixty-five gunboats with which to meet the most powerful nation on earth with almost unlimited resources a large and splendidly equipped army and a navy of more than a thousand ships.

Worse than all this country was torn by contending factions and one of the two great parties of that day was entirely opposed to the war The consequences were just what might have been expected Disaster followed disaster one peril crowded another Hull surrendered Detroit without firing a gun Gen Van Rensselaer was beaten back from the invasion of Canada The State of Massachusetts and Connecticut refused to send their militia to answer the call of the General Government It really seemed as though the young Republic must drop back into the arms from which she had extricated herself only thirty years before

At this crisis of our National history some of the more influential and patriotic of the volunteers garrisoning Fort Mifflin on the Delaware river perceiving with fear and apprehension the powers at work among them to overthrow the free institutions of their country, [illegible] patriotically threw off all blind allegiance to party and [illegible] the level of true patriot [illegible] resolve the organization [illegible] signs [illegible] the object of which was to [illegible] and [illegible] The happiest results attended their efforts [illegible] few weeks [illegible] gathered [illegible] friends pledged [illegible] patriotism fraternity good fellowship and kindness where before [illegible] had been [illegible] and strife

At the conclusion of the war the garrison was disbanded the [illegible] returned to their homes and [illegible] the separation [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] fraternity [illegible] and mutually [illegible] as [illegible] had been [illegible] the new paper [illegible] of those [illegible] the project and those [illegible] in the organization of the Tribe of Columbia of the Society of Red Men of Pennsylvania This was something more than fifty years ago The Society like the Grand Army of the Republic of the present day was composed of military men thoroughly imbued with American sentiments and [illegible] National and *political*—but not in the partisan sense which has marked with such bitter animosity growing out of the slavery question—the politics of a later day

As the history of Redmanship was almost a history of the time in which they originated it was unavoidable that we should refer to the politics of that period In the present day politics has no more to do with this Order than with Odd Fellows or Free Masons We administer no oaths binding to any political or religious creed We bind neither your hands or your feet As you enter our wigwam so you depart—a free man

We are a benevolent Order a brotherhood taking for our motto, Freedom Friendship and Charity—adopting for our ceremonials and rituals the customs and much of the impressive language of the noble tribe of the ancient Red Men of the forest who were [illegible] their perpetuators [illegible]

In their record [illegible] According [illegible] in the United States and [illegible] [illegible] 4 000 [illegible] Thirty years ago [illegible] [illegible] two thirds [illegible] With [illegible] their early vigor their habit [illegible] by the white man [illegible] [illegible] the inevitable [illegible] and full of [illegible] with [illegible] revival of the [illegible] So little of the physical stamina of their [illegible] have they that [illegible] common fever which [illegible] without difficulty prostrate them with the power of an epidemic

STATE OF THE ORDER

There were in the United States at the time of the meeting of the Great Council of the United States held at Wilmington in the Corn Moon G S D 382 or in September 1873 476 Tribes numbering more than 30 000 members There are without doubt to day 500 Tribes and probably 50 000 members There was paid [illegible] during last year as dues etc about $ 00 000 There was expended in round numbers $40 000 for benevolent purposes There are now in being in this State three Tribes of which Multnomah of Portland is the oldest Oregonian Tocaltenas of [illegible] next and Oneonta of this city is the youngest Several new Tribes have applied for charters and others are in process of formation

Having now taken our bearings let us pause and conclude by reverting to the occasion of this gathering Why have we in the beauty of this spring morning, when earth and sky are at their loveliest come down to meet the awakened life of these free woods and hills to commune with this joyous renewal and promise of nature to hold our gladsome revels where the birds sing and flowers bloom

It is Anniversary day Not however the anniversary of any scene of carnage and death where foemen met and the weaker went down beneath the conquering arm of his assailant not the triumphal entry of a conquering host not the anniversary of a nation's natal day with crash of war stirring drums and thunder of cannon No! Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war We come to rejoice together over the organization of an Order whose mission is love and that goeth forth with healing on its wings, bearing the olive branch of peace This day to us as an Order is one of the points of observation from which we look backward in retrospection to see over what thorny and perilous pathways we have traveled—scenes of happiness and pleasure or of heart ache and sorrow we have passed through

It is also a resting spot from where looking forward the heart may grow strong with resolution and determination that whatsoever we have done in the past we will do more in the future that whatsoever we may have been in character and life in the past we will elevate the standard in the future and not allow the brightness of life's probabilities to be obscured or dimmed to determine that no selfish motive shall ever restrain the generous impulse of a noble deed

An anniversary like a mile post by the wayside, shows us how far and how rapidly we have journeyed and in the years to come we shall revert in memory with pleasure to these occasions as green spots relieving the monotony of travel here for an hour or two we paused to rest at this oasis we drank the cooling draught and inhaled the perfume laden breeze Here we sat in the glory of that light that alike makes glad by its beauty the past and casts its radiance forward into the future

"Pale face" friends we welcome you truly, and can only utter the wish that you may soon experience the satisfaction we feel in our connection with the Improved Order of Red Men We are not boastful when we claim for our Brotherhood peculiar successes and peculiar charms We know whereof we speak All over the Union our council fires are burning with a glorious radiance—

From where the Penobscot proudly sweeps
To where the mighty Gulf waves beat upon the Texan shore;
From where Miantonomah sleeps
To our Sierras golden feet
The fires of Redmenship arise
And proudly gild the nation's skies!

Since our foundation many newer Orders have sprung into being whose existence does not overshadow though they may outnumber ours With them we are in full sympathy and accord

Brave Knights venerable Druids revered Odd Fellows we hail you as co workers for Truth and Light as co agencies that are at work bringing men together cementing the bonds of friendship and making of the universal race one family and all mankind brothers and in doing this doing more than all other agencies combined toward making this an era in which the *Universal Fatherhood of God* and the *Brotherhood of Man* becomes an *earnest living [illegible] reality*

Five o'clock was the hour designated for the starting of the boat on its return trip At the appointed time the excursionists were on board The little group on shore waved adieu and the response was given from those on the boat In a few moments the scene of the day's pleasures was lost to sight About 7 o'clock the steamer moved gracefully before the city front and after a run up some distance and turning about came into the wharf The boat was soon deserted by those who had spent a day of great pleasure

INCIDENTS ETC

Oliver Denme the photographer took a group picture of the Red Men on the grounds Jonathan Moar's residence and a view of the boat just before the lines were cast loose

Some twenty persons sat down to a regular country dinner at the house of Mr Abraham Ford, now a granger formerly of Portland

The Portland Brass Band was augmented by the addition of Messrs Curtis and Brenner and the music on the whole was excellent

A grand sight was presented to the excursionists when the steamer *John L Stephens* passed on the way and later the bark *Ellen Besse* A general waving of handkerchiefs and an air from the band greeted the passing vessels and their passengers and crews

The day was all that could have been desired The managers were very attentive—and finally the third annual picnic of the I O R M was a success financially and otherwise

LOCAL BREVITIES.

We regret to announce the severe illness of Mrs C A Wil[illegible] of this city

Capt Hoover has got the *Ocklahama* and put her on the trade between this city and Castle Rock [illegible]

The Willamette river is rapidly rising Already considerable quantities of drift wood have commenced to float by [illegible]

[illegible] H M Roberts and Wm Wadhams [illegible] by the last S S at Sunday School convention [illegible] and Executive Committee to arrange [illegible]

We learn that [illegible] \$100 [illegible] the purchase of [illegible] a suitable building

The Santa Barbara [illegible] Mr Stephen [illegible] [illegible]

FAIR AND FESTIVAL

The children's Guild [illegible] will hold a fair and festival this [illegible] evening in Good Templar's Hall corner of Alder and Third streets [illegible] o clock [illegible] of the [illegible] of the Sunday School [illegible] and the public generally are cordially invited to attend

BUSINESS NOTICES

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two good Milliners. Apply to Mrs J Mac[illegible] First street Portland

GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL AND ORPHANAGE.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE

Yesterday—the Feast of the Ascension—was the time set for laying the corner stone of the new Hospital and Orphanage which is henceforth to be known by the above name Notice had been given that the ceremony would take place at 3 P M at that hour a number of [illegible] had convened a large concourse of people—no less than 500—to the ground [illegible] The present improved the [illegible] before the ceremonies in viewing the beautiful site where the Hospital is to stand The prospect of river and mountain lying below and beyond [illegible] not [illegible] in this country

The hour having arrived the Rt Rev B Wistar Morris D D headed the following list of clergy Rev J H Babcock Geo Burton T F Daly John McCarty D D. J D Nevius D D J W Sellwood J W Sellwood [illegible] Thomas A Wixon After the clergy came the Vestry of Trinity Church then the Vestry of St Stephen's Chapel followed by the faculties and pupils of St Helen's Hall and the Bishop's Grammar School The clergy [illegible] on the ground next to their places in the procession

The space which the building shall actually occupy was enclosed in the line of march which all joined in singing the hymn known by its first line as "Jerusalem the golden" The Bishop having come back to the place of starting where the stone was laid and the one hundred and second psalm was read responsively after which the box containing the following list of articles was placed in the stone

1 Bible
2 Prayer Book
3 Journal of the Diocese of Oregon and Washington Convention for 1873
4 Catalogue of St H H and Bishop School [illegible]
5 *Oregonian* of May 14 1874
6 The Spirit of Missions for May 1874
7 Mite [illegible] Pamphlet No 1, with letters and portrait of the Missionary Bishop
8 Domestic Missionary Map of the United States
9 Copy of the Articles of Association and list of the officers of Good Samaritan Association of Portland
10 13th Annual Report of the Hospital of St Barnabas Newark New Jersey
11 St Luke's Hospital Register San Francisco vol 1, No 6
12 Form of card with printed appeal from the Bishop of Oregon and Washington for aid in establishing this Hospital and Orphanage
13 Appeal of the Good Samaritan Association to the citizens of Portland
14 Church Almanac and Protestant Episcopal Almanac Mc Cormick's Almanac for 1874
15 Daily Oregonian *Bulletin* *Evening News*
16 Tenth Report of the Columbia Mission (British Columbia)
17 A Work on Hospitals and Hospital Construction by Dr John M Woodworth Supervising Surgeon of the United States Marine Hospital service
18 Articles of Association of Women's Guild of Trinity Church Portland
19 First Annual Report of Woman's Auxiliary to the Board of Missions of the Episcopal Church
20 Account of the New Orphan Asylum founded in faith in Bristol England
21 Bancroft's Guide to the Pacific States
22 McCormick's Oregon Handbook

The Bishop's address was next in order after the actual laying of the stone in the name of the Holy Trinity To be appreciated this address has to be heard The practical and earnest words of Bishop Morris were worthy the careful attention not only of Christian people but for every person who has a heart to feel for the suffering of his fellow men and to do aught in their relief We give a brief synopsis of what the Bishop said

The Bishop said in his address that if asked "What mean ye by this service" he would answer that we began to-day a work in God's name asking His blessing on the undertaking believing that "except the Lord build the house their labor is but lost that built it" We begin the work lay the first stone in that Name and can only look for reward and success as His favor attends our efforts We place in this corner stone first a copy of the Holy Bible and secondly a copy of the Book of Common Prayer in token that this is to be a religious house that along with all the arts of medicine are to go ministration to the souls of men that the sick and suffering are not to be denied here the comforts and consolations of Christ's holy religion This work is undertaken by the Bishop clergy and members of the Protestant Episcopal Church, with such assistance as shall be given them by their fellow citizens and Christians of other names No work can be more binding upon the church of Christ than the care of the sick and orphaned If she may build churches and school houses publish newspapers establish libraries and reading rooms, she surely may—nay she must take care of the sick pouring in the oil and wine of her divine consolations, and gather the orphaned, the neglected and the outcast into her gracious arms This work is intended for every class and condition without any test of qualifications except that of suffering or neglect

We ask in carrying on this work, the aid of the physicians and surgeons of Portland and desire to have here all the best curative appliances and the highest skill in their profession We also ask the aid of the women of Portland No work can be presented to the consideration of woman for which she is better fitted and in which her services are of higher value than that of ministering to the sick and caring for the orphaned The true beauty and graces of her character nowhere shine with brighter lustre or with more winning power than in the chamber of sickness and around the couch of pain and suffering Without her aid and counsel with all her willing labors and with out her patient and loving ministration no such work as this could be successfully carried on

But how is this institution to be supported There is abundance of money for this if men and women will open their hearts and realize the true nature of their stewardship and how much more blessed it is to give than to receive We lay the foundation stone on Ascension Day when in all parts of the world Christian people are commemorating the [illegible] return of the Divine Son of God to the glory which he had with the Father before the world was It was the [illegible] of the [illegible] gift of God Holy Spirit that we are not all orphans and that thence [illegible] any grace or ability for works of mercy and charity

The dimensions of this building we have before given to the readers of the OREGONIAN We have also referred before to the plans All who wish may see them in the window of Messrs Steele & Co. Work on the Hospital and Orphanage will be vigorously pushed forward and before the rigors of winter again set in we hope to see that it has entered upon its work of comfort and blessing to the sick and destitute

The Bishop stated that [illegible] have [illegible] this object in their usually liberal way But many [illegible] opportunity of showing their interest [illegible] [illegible]

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

[illegible]

Harmony Encampment No 1, C of R C—Meets [illegible] Good Templars Hall corner Third and Alder streets at 7 [illegible]

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

RELIGIOUS LOCAL PERSONAL AND GENERAL

[From the P C Advocate]

Rev John Flinn of Gervais circuit has been in town a few days He preached an excellent sermon on Sabbath last at Hall street M E church

Rev J W Miller and J H Coddard of Vancouver W T left on Tuesday last for Olympia They went as delegates to the Territorial Temperance Alliance—that is to be

We note the return of Mrs I P Church We regret to learn of her continued suffering from a sprained wrist This is an unusually severe case and how it will terminate is the perplexing question

In connection with the usual religious service in the Scandinavian Evangelical Lutheran Church of East Portland on Sabbath morning next anniversary services will be held commemorative of the giving of the Constitution of Norway on 17th of May 1814 Rev A E Fridrichson D D will officiate

We are glad to say that a plan has been adopted for the establishment of a Free Reading Room for the benefit of young men and strangers who may be in need of one suitable place of spending their evenings The sum of $1 500 will be needed in order to commence the plan Hon H W Corbett has generously tendered the free use for five years of the upper portion of his new building next the Post office or the equivalent thereof in rent for any other room elected A committee of six reliable citizens will be selected to direct and manage the affairs of the institution Let all take hold of this matter in good earnest

Some of the Eastern papers claim that Rev Mr Woodbridge of San Francisco built the first Protestant church on the Pacific coast between Behring's Straits and Mexico at San Francisco in the year 1849 Gov Geo Abernethy of this city has now in his possession the subscription list of a M E Church built at Oregon City Oregon in the years 1842-3 Rev A F Waller was pastor at the time Moreover we learn that the first church that was built in California was built out of materials sent from Oregon We hope the Eastern papers will straighten these historic matters

[From the Sentinel]

On the third Sunday of the month (17th inst) mass will be celebrated in St John's Church Milwaukie Rev L Verhaag will officiate

On the second and fourth Sunday of every month until further notice there will be preaching in German at the Cathedral immediately after the 9 o'clock mass

THE COURTS

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON J—SPECIAL TERM

THURSDAY, May 14th

I Delschneider et ux vs D Largaly et al motion of plaintiff to set decree aside overruled

W A Holbrook vs W W Page et al motion for rehearing sustained plaintiff has until the first day of next term to amend by consent of parties

John Bryersdorff et al vs I H Reed et al motion of plaintiff to overrule demurrer taken under advisement

School District No 1 vs R J Ladd et al demurrer to complaint

Abram Frazer vs J J Russell judgment for plaintiff

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

Mrs Ramas S I
Ida D Basher
S W Beale Calama,
Geo P Holman Salem
A Goodman
C A Hunter
S W Hatch
C F Beebe
H H Gray &wf Syracuse N Y
Henry Syster Cornelius
G D Shannon St Paul.
A Ennis Cornelius
T R Cornelius
D P Trullinger Wash Co
C Rose Albany
J N Edwards wf &3 chil Iron Junction
Mrs McGraw &2h
W I Breeding
M A Edwards
J D Merryman Astoria
Thos Hare
John Foster Tacoma

ST CHARLES HOTEL.

Jno Powell Hubbard
S L Lewis
Mrs Hurd Salem
John Beck Freeport
J Saloman Olympia
J Smidt Canyon City
H Bowman Pendleton

AMERICAN EXCHANGE

Mrs Huntington Monticello
Miss Olsen
A McKinzie, Prarie Spgs
Eddie Smith Kalama
Jno Quinn
L Sports Eugene City
J H Walker Ogn City
B L Morrison Vancvr
H C Sluter Wash Co
A Gray Hubbard
Jno Pernell Silverton
Saml Gall Dalles
Ben Schofield, Hillsboro
Jas Rogers Yamhill.
C Rogers, &fam,
W Sitten
E M Waite Salem.
I W Lawrence Oswego
A Montgomery Astoria
D More Vancouver
J L Eaton Eugene City
E McBrien Victoria
Mr Printo &wf Coburg Prairie

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL

P E Perchard Astoria
W T Cross Salem
J L Willis
Jno Beggs
J M O Hard
J C Berry
W H Brown Albany
G D Shannon Olympia
F Coleman Eugene City
H C Owens
I W Smith Tacoma
F G Tilton
Chas Chadsey Walla W
Jno Nought Brownsville
J Jackson Victoria

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL

H Hart Walla Walla
J A Sharp
C H Mack
W B Walker
J Beldon Oregon City
W I Gilbraith
Mrs L M Walker F Grove
F Kogge Arizona.
P McDaniel Independence
M Cashman
C Levins
Miss C Johnson Salem

DR PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

Is very strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty and is largely prescribed among their female patients It is worthy of all confidence as may be seen from the following testimonial

ATLANTA Ill July 11th 1873

Dr R V PIERCE Buffalo N Y

Dear Sir—I have not words to express my gratitude to you for your advice and assistance in my case There is not one who has used your medicines since they have been brought here but that can say with me they have been greatly benefitted Since I have been so helped by its use six or seven around me left off all doctors and other medicines and now use it in their families after being cured of the same disease as mine You do not know what a wonder it created in our city by its restoring my sister I wrote you about for she had been under the care of three of our best doctors, but could not sit up but for a few minutes at one time I begged of her to try your medicines and before she had used half of the bottles she could go all around the yard and has now just come home from a visit five miles away

MRS THOS McFARLAND

Chinook Salmon—Spring Salmon have commenced running, and QUINN on Washington st receives daily from his Fisheries on the Columbia River large lots and is prepared to sell cheap The trade liberally dealt with; City and country orders respectfully solicited

JAMES QUINN
Proprietor Union Fish Market, Washington st
P O Box 257 ap13dlm

J B A. Revere, importer and dealer in **Human Hair** and practical Wig Maker and Hair Worker has just returned from France with the finest and largest stock of Human Hair ever brought to this market and is now ready to dispose of it at very low prices at his new store corner of Third and Alder streets directly opposite the Postoffice [illegible] Hair Dressing in the latest and most becoming style Country orders promptly attended to

Strike directly at the cause of the ill [illegible] nervous [illegible] tendency to general [illegible] All these ailments spring from INDIGESTION for which [illegible] [illegible] is the only safe and positive remedy

Knights of Pythias—Myrtle Lodge No [illegible] holds regular Conventions on Thursday Evening of each week at 7½ o'clock, at the Castle Hall N W cor First and Yamhill streets Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend By order of the Lodge ED WILCOX K R S

Hassalo Lodge No 15 I. O. O. F.—Meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple corner First and Alder streets Members of the Order are invited to attend By order of N G

Samaritan Lodge No 2 I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple corner First and Alder streets Members of the Order are invited to attend By order of N G

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL

[illegible] PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL [illegible] Price Small 50c Large, $1 00 [illegible] by all Druggists

Health for the Sick!

[illegible] PRATT'S NEW LIFE For sale by all Druggists

A McBOYLE & CO Druggists and Chemists,
d5d8p6m 504 Washington St San Francisco

ATTENTION DEALERS! REDUCED PRICES!

Doors, Windows, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Brushes

A Large Stock on hand

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHANCE'S CRYSTAL METAL AND PLATE GLASS.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY.

Remember the House of

McGEE, O'TOOLE & CO.
48 First Street, near Central Market

WOOLEN GOODS! WOOLEN GOODS!

The Brownsville Woolen Manufacturing Association

AT BROWNSVILLE OREGON

OFFER FOR SALE FOR THE SPRING TRADE A SUPERIOR LINE OF ALL WOOL GOODS IN DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, HARD TIMES, BLANKETS AND FLANNELS
Of all kinds

JACOB MAYER, Ag't,
Portland Oregon

S. SHERLOCK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

SADDLERY, HARNESS, SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HILL'S CONCORD STAGE AND BUGGY HARNESS., ETC., ETC.,

SALES-ROOMS--No.61 Front Street and No.62 First Street PORTLAND.

150 DOZEN ASSORTED TEAM COLLARS ON HAND.

DRY GOODS.

RE-OPENED!

I TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE TO MY customers and the public in general that I have just arrived and opened one of the Finest and best selected stocks of

DRY GOODS!

FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS!

Ever imported to this city

My Stock consists of all the latest shades and styles of

SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

Lawns, Chambreys, Percales, Linens, Figured Muslins, Cold and Blacks, Iron Grenadines, at bargains.

Shawls, Lace, Embroidery, Hosiery, Furnishing Goods, at Low Prices.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

Is the most complete in the city to be sold cheap

Ruches, Ties, Scarfs, Fichues, Vests, Jewelry,

And other Goods too numerous to mention sold to suit the times

An invitation is extended to all
Come and look for yourselves
No trouble to show Goods

MRS. H. ACH.

P. VAN FRIDAGH.

DRY GOODS.

Millinery & Fancy Goods Store.

79 FIRST STREET,
bet. Washington and Stark

Millinery! Millinery!

BONNETS & HATS TRIMMED TO ORDER.

HAVING ENGAGED THE HELP OF A FIRST CLASS MILLINER parties desiring to have any thing made or trimmed in the Millinery Line may rest assured that it will be done to perfection
Receiving New Goods by every steamer I will always be supplied with the Latest Styles

DRY GOODS!

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Remember 79 First street

P VAN FRIDAGH

BUSINESS CARDS.

I. W. LEWIS,

STAIR BUILDER,

OAK STREET between Seventh and Park
STORE FIXTURES SHELVING AND COUNTERS
Also WATER TANKS made to order
Charges Reasonable, ap6d3m

RUMMELIN & CUTMANN,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

FURS,

56 First St., bet. Stark and Oak, Portland.

Buy all kinds of RAW FURS at the highest market price feb20d3m

L M DYER. J B DYER

DYER BROS.,

Carriage and Wagon Makers.

HORSE SHOEING AND GENERAL JOBBING
Promptly attended to

PLAIN & ORNAMENTAL,

Coach, Carriage and Sign Painting,

Executed by

MR. C. F PEARSON, Practical Painter.

SHOP—Second St, bet Stark and Oak

GEO. VOLLUM,

Book Binder,

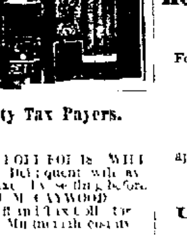
PAPER RULER,

Book and Job

PRINTER.

No. 5 Washington St.,

UP STAIRS



Last Notice to County Tax Payers.

THE DELINQUENT TAX ROLL FOR 1873 WILL be closed [illegible] May 16th Delinquent will save [illegible] per cent on their taxes by settling before that time

E M CAYWOOD
Sheriff and Tax Collector
Multnomah county

mv10d [illegible]

ICE! ICE! ICE!

ONE CENT A POUND!

FROM AND AFTER MAY 1ST THE PORTLAND Ice Works will sell Ice at One Cent a Pound delivered in any part of the city Leave orders at the PORTLAND ICE WORKS, Front street bet Main and Madison or with the driver ap30lm

WALL PAPER!

PAUL RICHTER,

105 FIRST STREET.

JOHN M. GEARIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Room 20 Dekum Building

SPECIAL NOTICE

ALL BAGGAGE REMAINING UNCLAIMED AT the Empire Hotel on the [illegible] th of July will be sold for charges

THOS SMITH

[illegible] May 1 [illegible]

SADDLERY.

J. CLARK,

78 Front St bet American Exchange and Cosmopolitan Hotels

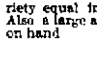
Manufacturer Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARNESS, SADDLES,

BRIDLES, COLLARS,

WHIPS SADDLERY HARDWARE CALIFORNIA SADDLE TREES

Special attention given to the manufacture of Fine Pleasure and Trotting Harness in every variety equal in style and quality to any imported. Also a large assortment of Stage and Farm Harness on hand mar9d6m



J. B. CONGLE,

73 FRONT STREET,

Saddlery Hardware,

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

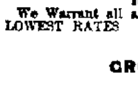
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBber Carbolized Hose which is for sale at San Francisco with freight added
REPAIRING promptly attended to

WELCH & MORGAN,

FRONT ST., 2d DOOR NORTH of Yamhill,

Manufacturers and Importers of



SADDLES,

HARNESS,

And Kerby's Genuine

SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER

ALSO

Hill's Concord Team Stage and Buggy Harness.

We Warrant all articles, which we sell at the LOWEST RATES

GROCERIES.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

BULBS, PLANTS.

Orders from abroad promptly attended to

HACHENEY & STEMME,

OREGON SEED STORE,

Cor. First and Taylor Sts.

5,000 WINDOW SASH,

1,000 Boxes Glass

ENAMELED GLASS.
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS,
And Full Stock of

DOORS AND BLINDS

In Store at

REDUCED PRICES

J. SIMON,

56 FRONT STREET.

Call before purchasing elsewhere

GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

THE PRESIDENT

HAS VETOED THE INFLATION BILL, AND

GEORGE H. HIMES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTER,

HAS REMOVED TO

NO. 5 Washington Street,

WHERE, WITH INCREASED FACILITIES HE is better prepared than ever to execute all orders in his line promptly and at the

LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Thankful for a generous patronage heretofore he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same Don t forget the place—
No. 5 Washington Street
ap28lm

King's Knickerbocker Plaster.

Warranted Equal to any in Market.

Hoffman's Rosendale Cement,

Direct from Factory.

For sale in Lots to suit by

KITTLE & CO.

Cor California and Front Sts.

ap 1dlm San Francisco

ULRICH WARNEKROS,

PIONEER CUTLER IN OREGON

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FINE AND COMMON CUTLERY.

ALSO

Surgical and Dental Instruments,

No 153 FIRST STREET, Near Yamhill,
PORTLAND OREGON

Frames as Good as New!

REGILDING AT MODERATE RATES

VICTOR VOLNEY,

THIRD STREET NEAR MORRISON

CAUTION.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY CAUTIONS THE public against [illegible] Rosenau [illegible] Oregon [illegible] having falsely and fraudulently [illegible] misrepresentations [illegible] from me [illegible] one hundred and fifty dollars United States gold coin without any [illegible] consideration
my [illegible] J GRUBER

NOTICE

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THE CITY OF Portland [illegible] is duly authorized to act as my Attorney

LEONARD STAUB

Portland May [illegible] 1874

The Daily Oregonian.

[F]RIDAY MORNING MAY 15 1874

OPINION AND FINDINGS OF THE REFEREE IN THE SECRETARY MAY CASES.

In the Circuit Court for the County of Marion and State of Oregon

[Before] MATTHEW P. DEADY, REFEREE.

[State] of Oregon v Samuel E May Jesse Applegate Change Jacobs and John Kilgore

No 1 Action upon an official bond

The Referee in the above entitled case having heard the evidence of the plaintiff and the defendant Applegate and the argument of counsel for said parties now finds and states the following conclusions of fact therein

I That on Sept [illegible] 18[illegible] the defendant May together with the defendant Applegate Jacobs and Kilgore as his sureties executed and delivered to the plaintiff their certain bond in the penal sum of $10,000 as alleged in the complaint herein to be void upon the condition that if the said May shall faithfully discharge the duties of his said office as Secretary of State and also as Auditor and that he will deliver over to his successor in office or to any other person authorized by law to receive the same all moneys books records and all papers pertaining to his said office which bond was duly approved on Sept 10 of the same year

II That the defendant May as Secretary of State received from D W Allingham on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of one William Fulton of Polk county an insane patient in the aggregate the sum of $1 64[illegible] in the several sums and at the dates following

(1) May 28 186[illegible]	[illegible]
(2) March [illegible] 186[illegible]	1[illegible] 40
(3) June 1 186[illegible]	[illegible]
(4) Dec 2 186[illegible]	1[illegible] 42
(5) March 14 186[illegible]	17[illegible]
(6) Feb 28 1867	17[illegible] 00
(7) June 1 186[illegible]	12[illegible] 00
(8) Dec [illegible] 186[illegible]	[illegible] 00
	$1,178 70

and converted the same to his own use but of this sum only the items numbered 6 [illegible] and 8, which amount in the aggregate to $[illegible] are alleged in the complaint to have been received by said May and the receipt of the item numbered [illegible] is only proven by the force and effect of the judgment herein against said May for want of answer

III That the defendant May as Secretary of State, on July 27, 1866 received from Emeline Billings on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of G W Billings, of Polk county an insane patient the sum of $80 and converted the same to his own use but the receipt of this item is only proven by the force and effect of the judgment aforesaid against said May

IV That the defendant May as Secretary of State on June 1[illegible] 1866 received from Alonzo Wood on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of Elenor Wood of Polk county an insane patient the sum of $247 42 and converted the same to his own use but the receipt of this item is only proven by the force and effect of the judgment aforesaid against said May

V That the defendant May as Secretary of State on January 9, 1864 received from P A Marquam on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of T St Clair *alias* Sinclair of Multnomah county, an insane patient, the sum of $20 and converted the same to his own use

VI That the defendant May, as Secretary of State, received from M P Berry on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of Jose Domingo Tapparoni of Grant county an insane patient, in the aggregate the sum of $200 in the several sums and at the dates following

(1) May 21 1865	$100
(2) July 31 1865	100
	$200

and converted the same to his own use

VIII That the defendant May as Secretary of State, between the month of April 1866 and Sept 12th of the same year sold 100 copies of the volume of the General Laws of Oregon, published in 1866, in pursuance of the act of October 21 1864 and converted the proceeds of such sale to his own use less ten per centum thereof to which he was entitled as commissions and that the value of such volumes as prescribed by law was $600 of which sum said May converted to his own use $540 but this item is not proven except for the force and effect of the judgment aforesaid, against said May

VIII That the defendant, May as Secretary of State on September 1 1865 paid to E N Cooke the Treasurer of the State, the sum of $325 71 as moneys received by him on account of the treatment of persons in the Insane Asylum as insane patients but on account of what particular persons is not proven

IX That on [N]ovember 11 1873, the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Marion on motion of the plaintiff gave judgment in this action against the defendant May for want of an answer by him, the said May to the complaint herein for the sum of $3,600, which judgment still remains in full force and effect.

And as conclusions of law from the premises the Referee now finds and states as follows

I That the defendant May did not keep the condition of his bond aforesaid, in this that he failed and neglected to pay over to or account to his successor in office for, or to any other person authorized by law to receive the same the several sums received by him as aforesaid but unlawfully converted the same to his own use, less the sum of $325 71 aforesaid to the damage of the plaintiff $1,909 99

II That by reason of the premises, the plaintiff is entitled to have and recover off and from the defendant Applegate the sum of $1,328 29 of said damages, but not the remainder thereof, for the reason that it is not alleged in the complaint that the defendant May received and failed to account for any other or greater sum of money belonging to the plaintiff than said $1 328 29

State of Oregon v Samuel E May Jesse Applegate and B F Dowell

No 2 Action upon an official bond

The Referee in the above entitled case having heard the evidence of the plaintiff and the defendants Applegate and Dowell and the arguments of counsel for said parties now finds and states the following conclusions of fact therein

I That on August 4, 1866 the defendant May together with the defendants Applegate and Dowell, as his sureties executed and delivered to the plaintiff their certain bond in the penal sum of $10,000 as alleged in the complaint herein, to be void upon the condition, that if the said May shall faithfully discharge the duties of his said office as Secretary of State and also as Auditor, and that he will deliver to his successor in office or to any other person authorized by law to receive the same, all moneys books records and all papers pertaining to his said office which bond was duly approved on September 10 of the same year

II That the defendant May as Secretary of State on August 2 1867 drew warrant No 610 upon the Treasurer of State for the sum of $500 and delivered the same to T McF Patton on account of a private debt then due by him, the said May to McCully and Patton and not otherwise and the said Patton, by means of said warrant, afterwards drew from the State Treasury, in payment of said private debt and not otherwise, the sum of $500

III That the defendant May while Secretary of State and one of the Board of Commissioners for the sale of School and University lands, on —— 1867 received of Perry Townsend, "as a part of the purchase money of a piece of school land situate in Polk county" and theretofore sold by the plaintiff to said Townsend the sum of $80 and converted the same to his own use but this item is only proved by the force and effect of the judgment herein against said May for want of an answer

IV That the defendant May, while Secretary of State and one of the Board of Commissioners for the sale of School and University lands on April —, 1868 received of T A Hall "as a part of the purchase money" of 140 acres of school land, situate in section 16 township 20 south range 3 west, Wallamet meridian in Lane county and theretofore sold by the plaintiff to said Hall the sum in currency of $280, and converted the same to his own use

V That the defendant May while Secretary of State and one of the Board of Commissioners for the sale of School and University lands on May 5 1869 received of James Keeney "as a part of the purchase money of a piece of school land in section 36 township 14 south, range [illegible] west, Wallamet meridian, in Linn county and theretofore sold by the plaintiff to said Keeney the sum of $122 50 and converted the same to his own use

VI That the defendant May while Secretary of State and one of the Board of Commissioners for the sale of School and University lands on June 20, 1869 received of D W Allingham "as a part of the purchase money" of a half section of school land in sections 5 and 32 townships 14 and 15 south range 1 west, Wallamet meridian in Linn county, and therefore sold by plaintiff to said Allingham, the sum of $170 and converted the same to his own use

VII That the defendant May while Secretary of State and one of the Board of Commissioners for the sale of School and University lands on August 24, 1869 received of O T Brown "as a part of the purchase money" of 321 90 acres of school land in sections 29 and 30 township 39 south range 7 east Wallamet Meridian in Jackson county and theretofore sold by the plaintiff to said Brown the sum of $200 and converted the same to his own use

VIII That the defendant May as Secretary of State on June 8 1867 received from P A Marquam on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of Rachel Chandler of Multnomah county an insane patient the sum of $80, and converted the same to his own use but this item is not proven except for the force and effect of the judgment herein against said May for want of an answer

IX That the defendant May as Secretary of State on [illegible] 1869 received from S A Johns on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of S B Jackson of Linn county an insane patient the sum of $92 and converted the same to his own use

X That the defendant May as Secretary of State received from R A Barret on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of George Fotz of Washington county an insane patient in the aggregate the sum of $1[illegible] in the sums and at the dates following

(1) November —— 186[illegible]	$ [illegible] 00
(2) December —— 1869	[illegible] 00
	$1[illegible] 00

and converted the same to his own use

XI That the defendant May as Secretary of State received from D W Allingham on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of William Fulton of Polk county an insane patient in the aggregate the sum of $[illegible]00 in the several sums and at the dates following

(1) March 6 1867	$[illegible]00
(2) May [illegible] 1868	[illegible]
(3) June 20 1868	[illegible]00
	$[illegible] 00

and converted the same to his own use

XII That the defendant May as Secretary of State received from Orthello Bagley on account of the treatment in the Insane Asylum of Margaret Bagley of Polk county an insane patient in the aggregate the sum of $[illegible] in the several sums and at the dates following

(1) Dec [illegible] 1869	$ [illegible]
(2) Dec 11 1869	40
(3) Feb [illegible] 1870	[illegible]
(4) March 2[illegible] 1870	[illegible]
(5) June [illegible] 1869	[illegible]
(6) July 22 1870	[illegible]
	$[illegible]

and converted the same to his own use

XIII That the defendant May as Secretary of State on July 10 1865 issued warrant No 973 upon the State Treasurer for the sum of $500 in favor of Banks Brothers of New York in payment of books [illegible] the State [illegible] as the agent [illegible] drew the money from the State Treasury thereon and after some months [illegible] Banks [illegible]

XIV That the defendant May as Secretary of State on November [illegible] 18[illegible] received from the United States Treasury Department for the plaintiff [illegible] out of the five per centum due her on the sales of lands within her limits during the [illegible] and converted the same to his own use $[illegible]

XV That the defendant May as Secretary of State on June 1[illegible] 18[illegible] received from the United States Treasury Department for the plaintiff on account of the five per centum due it on the sales of public lands within its limits draft No 1[illegible] for the sum of $1[illegible] and converted the same to his own use $1[illegible]

XVI That the defendant May as Secretary of State between September 1 1866 and September [illegible] 1870 sold 200 copies of the volume of the General Laws of Oregon published in 1866 in pursuance of the act of October 21 1864 and converted the proceeds of such sale to his own use less ten per centum thereof to which he was entitled as commissions and that the value of such volumes as prescribed by law was $1 200 of which sum said May converted to his own use $1,080 but this sum is not proven except for the force and effect of the judgment aforesaid against said May

XVII That on November 11 1873 the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Marion on motion of the plaintiff gave judgment in this action against the defendant May for want of an answer by him the said May to the complaint herein for the sum of $10 000 which judgment still remains in full force and effect

And as conclusions of law from the premises the Referee now finds and states as follows

I That the defendant May did not keep the condition of his bond aforesaid in this

(1) That he failed and neglected to deliver over or account to his successor in office for or to any other person authorized by law to receive the same the several sums of money by him received as aforesaid on account of the treatment of certain persons in the Insane Asylum as insane patients to the damage of the plaintiff $1 [illegible]0

(2) That he failed and neglected to deliver over or account to his successor in office for or to any other person authorized by law to receive the same the several sums of money by him received as aforesaid, from the United States Treasury Department to the damage of the plaintiff $[illegible] 23

(3) That he wrongfully and without the authority of law issued warrant No 610 as aforesaid to the damage of the plaintiff $500

(4) That he failed and neglected to deliver over or account to his successor in office for or to any other person authorized by law to receive the same the moneys received by him on account of the sale of the 200 volumes of the General Laws of Oregon as aforesaid to the damage of the plaintiff $1 080

II That the defendant May in the receipt and conversion of the moneys paid to him as the purchase price of certain school lands belonging to the plaintiff as aforesaid acted as one of the Board of Commissioners for the sale of school and university lands but without the authority of said Board or the authority of law and in so doing did not fail to keep the condition of his bond aforesaid, or commit a breach thereof

III That by reason of the premises the plaintiff is entitled to have and recover off and from the defendants Applegate and Dowell the damages aforesaid amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $[illegible] together with its costs and legal disbursements in this behalf expended to be taxed

Opinion of the Referee.

These causes were tried together In the course of the trial the points noticed in the following opinion were made and argued by counsel

Objection is made to the reading of the depositions of Allingham Keeney and Johns offered by the plaintiff because it does not appear from the certificates thereto that the witnesses were sworn before being examined as required by § 81 of the Code The objection was overruled because although the certificates do not state in the language of the section that before proceeding to the examination, the witness was duly sworn etc they do each state that "the witness in the foregoing deposition named was by me duly sworn *to testify* the truth etc

The intent of the statute is that the certificate shall show that the witness was sworn before he was examined—before he testified—rather than afterwards as in the case of an affidavit

To testify refers to an act yet to be done, and a statement in the certificate to a deposition that a witness was sworn *to* testify truly grammatically and logically implies that he was sworn before he testified Besides in the preambles to the depositions the fact is stated in the exact language of the section, and counsel claims that this must be taken as a part of the certificate although instead of being literally *appended* to the deposition as directed by the section it *precedes* it The suggestion is plausible and may be sound but the certificates being deemed sufficient the depositions were admitted without reference to the preambles

Objection is made to the reading of the deposition of Orthelloe Bagley, offered by the plaintiff because it does not appear from the certificates thereto either—(1) That the deponent signed it (2) That it was taken between certain hours (3) Or who reduced it to writing as required by § 81 of the Code The deposition appears to be signed by Orthelloe Bagley and the certificate states that said deposition was read over to said Orthelloe Bagley, *before he signed his name thereto* " Impliedly, this is a statement that the witness subscribed the deposition and I think ought to be held sufficient The other two objections appear to be well taken, so far as the facts are concerned But it also appears from the deposition that the defendants were present at the examination of the witness and made no objection to the hour whatever it was or to the person who reduced the testimony to writing whoever he was. It *was* reduced to writing as the deposition proves for itself , Whether it was done by the officer or by the witness or by some third disinterested person as the statute requires does not appear but I think it ought to be so presumed under the circumstances So I think that the defendants presence at the examination ought to be deemed a consent to the examination of the witness when and where it took place without reference to that mentioned in the notice

The law requires the matters specified in § 81 to be stated in the certificate primarily because the examination may take place in the absence of the party if he does not choose or is unable to attend and in such case it is his right to demand that the certificate shall show that the deposition was taken under the circumstances and in the manner which the law has prescribed for the purpose of securing fairness and impartiality in the proceeding. But when the parties both attend the examination and any of these provisions are omitted in the taking of the deposition without objection at the time, I think they are waived and being waived cease to be material and therefore need not be stated in the certificate No authorities were cited by counsel upon the argument of these points and none are referred to Besides, these objections ought properly to have been made before the trial by a motion to suppress the depositions for irregularities in the taking of them, so that if they were considered well taken, the plaintiff might have applied for a continuance to enable it to retake them

Objection is made to the plaintiff's recovering from the defendants Applegate and Dowell the sums received by May on account of the treatment of the insane patients in the Insane Asylum as stated in the findings of fact $1 409 91 in case No 1 and $1 520 in case No 2 because, (1) There is no sufficient proof that the parties on account of whose treatment the moneys were received were legally committed to the asylum (2) These moneys were not received by May *as Secretary of State* (3) The State has no interest in the money, as the same was paid to May for the contractors

The act of September 27 1862 and the acts amendatory thereof authorized the Governor to contract for the keeping at the expense of and for the State in the Insane Asylum maintained by Hawthorne and Loryea at so much per head per week of all the insane persons committed to the Insane Asylum under any law of this State

Section 5 of said act authorized the County Judge of any county, upon a written application being made to him for that purpose to cause any person to be brought before him, and examined by one or more physicians as to his or her sanity and if said physicians should certify on oath that said person was insane to cause him or her to be conveyed to and placed in charge of the parties contracting to keep such person Said section also required the County Judge to cause enquiry to be made into the ability or inability of such insane person to bear the charge or expense for the time he or she may remain under treatment and to certify the result to the Secretary of State and in case such person was found to possess the ability to pay said charge or expense or his or her friends were willing to pay the same the said Judge was required to cause to be placed in the hands of the Secretary of State the amount of two months expenses in said asylum in advance and regularly every two months thereafter so long as said person shall continue in said asylum

The proceedings before the County Judges in the case of some of the persons named in the findings of fact were regularly entered in the journals of the County Court while in others they were entered on paper in triplicate, and one copy filed in the County Clerk's office, one in the Secretary of State's office and the other sent to the asylum

The defendants maintain that when the proceedings do not appear to have been entered on the journal of the County Court that the commitment was not legal and the payment of money on account of the treatment unauthorized and therefore the Secretary did not receive such money by virtue of his office and his sureties are not responsible for his conversion of it.

The statute authorizes the County Judge to make the inquisition and not the County Court Generally when special authority is given to a Judge of a Court to do a particular thing he may act in term or out of it in Court or at chambers and in such case unless there is some special direction or established rule to the contrary the proceedings and result are made and entered on paper and placed on the files of the Court and thereafter it is as much a record of the Court as if done in Court and entered in the journal There is no law specially requiring these proceedings to be entered in a book or in any manner The inquisition of lunacy provided for in this act is neither a case at law [nor] probate business [nor] county business and therefore does not come within the purview of § 871 of the Code which requires the proceedings in these three classes of cases of business to be kept in books The County Courts are only authorized to be in session at stated times but the act requires the county Judges to hold these inquisitions of lunacy whenever applied for by any citizen and the nature of the case plainly suggests that this should be so—such a matter usually requires immediate action

But admitting that it is not necessary that the proceedings should take place in term time and be entered in the record books of the [Court] still [illegible] in the case of William Fulton of Polk county that the proceedings are insufficient to show that he was ever committed to the Asylum because it does not appear that the Judge ever made any order to that effect

The act is very loosely and unskillfully drawn It does not authorize the Judge to determine that the person named in the petition is insane but that he shall cause him to be examined by a physician and if found insane by such physician then it is made the duty of the Judge to cause [illegible] to be conveyed and placed in charge of the parties contracting to keep such person The [illegible] proceeding would be for the Judge to issue a warrant [illegible] directed to the Sheriff of the county [illegible] to take [illegible] with [illegible] made [illegible] Sheriff [illegible] County [illegible] But for aught that appears the Judge may have issued a writ for that purpose and the insane [person] taken to the asylum where it [appears] [illegible] still I think that although the petition [illegible] entitled to be taken to or kept in the asylum unless [illegible]

But admitting [illegible] record evidence the evidence of Dr Hawthorne one of the contractors establishes the fact that these persons were committed to the asylum and kept there as State patients and that the State paid for them without irregularity as [illegible] purposes [illegible] I think the law will presume from this [illegible] that [these] persons were legally committed to the asylum They appear to [illegible] by the proper public authority as persons [illegible] committed there for treatment at the expense of the State The receipt and conversion of these moneys by May as Secretary of State is the matter at issue in this case The question of the insanity and commitment of Fulton and others only arises incidentally and if it appears *prima facie* that these persons entered the Asylum and were treated there and paid for as state patients and May received money from their guardians or other persons on account of such treatment it is not material to enquire whether the antecedent proceedings were legal or not They will be presumed to have been so until the contrary appears and in no event will mere error or irregularities in the course of the proceedings after they were lawfully commenced affect the questions at issue

Besides this the result of the inquiry by the County Judge as to the insane person's ability to pay the expense of his treatment is required to be certified to the Secretary of State By this means the Secretary is officially advised of two things (1) What persons have been committed to the asylum as State patients and (2) On account of which of them payments are required to be made to him From this it is reasonable to infer that the Secretary of State was not authorized by the statute to issue warrants in favor of the contractor on account of the keeping of an insane person unless it had been certified to him as above stated But the contractors were paid for keeping all these persons by warrants issued by May as Secretary of State on the State Treasurer Now the issue of such warrants was an acknowledgment and an affirmation upon his part that such persons were *prima facie* lawfully in the Insane Asylum and at least until the contrary appears such admission is sufficient proof of the fact as against himself or sureties who stand in his shoes as to all his official acts

Excepting some few instances which will be noticed particularly hereafter the fact of May having received the sums stated in the findings on account of the treatment of the insane persons therein named is established by his own receipts These are signed in his official capacity and always state that the money is received on account of an insane patient in the asylum naming him Here again is an admission which establishes the fact until the contrary appears that these persons were lawfully committed to the asylum

The objection that the money was not received by May as Secretary of State—*virtute officii*—rests upon the same grounds as the point just considered Of course if these persons were in the asylum without color of law or legal proceeding and that fact was shown then no person was authorized to pay the Secretary money on account of their treatment there nor was the Secretary authorized to receive it and if he did it would not be in virtue of his office and his sureties would not be responsible to any one for May's disposition of it Walden v Davison [illegible] Wend [illegible] Dennison v Plumb 18 Barb 84 People v Schuyler 4 N Y 183

The last point made by the defendants on this branch of the case is that this money was paid to May for the contractors and he is only liable to them for it and the State has no interest in it

It is true the act contains no specific directions as to the disposition which the Secretary shall make of moneys so received But upon general principles the position that they were received by him for the contractors is untenable

It is unreasonable to suppose that it was the intention of the Legislature in passing this act or of the parties to the contract under it, that the contractors were to look to their patients for the compensation for their treatment whenever and as long as the County Judges might certify to the Secretary, that they were able to pay the same or had friends or relatives who were willing to do so and at the same time be bound to receive and keep all such patients and get their pay therefor when and as they could if it was not placed in the hands of the Secretary

Section 1 of the act authorizes the Governor to contract for the keeping of all the persons sent to the asylum under any laws of this State " at so much per head per week The State thereby agreed to pay for the treatment of such persons § 11 required the Secretary to draw his warrant in favor of the contractors for all moneys due them as per contract These persons were sent to the asylum under a law of this State and therefore the State agreed to pay for their treatment The defendant May so understood the law and instead of paying these moneys to the contractors or issuing warrants to pay for the treatment of the indigent insane only he issued warrants to pay for the treatment of all patients committed to the asylum under this law

Taking all the provisions of the act together and the circumstances of the transaction it is manifest that the provision to secure payment to the Secretary from patients who were able to pay was intended to reimburse the State as far as could be for the sums which it had become bound to the contractors for on their account and that the moneys so received were the property of the State But if it be admitted that these moneys were received for the contractors and that they were entitled to demand and have from time to time the specific fund received by the Secretary yet the latter received them by virtue of his office and until turned over to the contractor they were held by the State by means of its agent the defendant May in trust for the contractors

As to the disposition proper to be made of these moneys considering that the Secretary is not the general custodian of money belonging to the State either in its own right or as trustee and that the treasurer is I think it was the plain duty of the former to deposit these moneys with the latter as fast as he received them and so he seems to have thought himself when on September 1 1865 he paid $325 71 thereof to Mr Cooke But even admitting that owing to the absence of any specific direction in the act May was not bound to deposit these moneys with the Treasurer still having received them by virtue of his office clearly he was bound to turn them over to his successor in office at the expiration of his term Such is the express condition of his bond And this is so whether the moneys were held by him for the State in its own right or as trustee for the contractors Under no circumstances did the money belong to May He received it by virtue of his office and held it as the agent of the State whether it belonged to the State in its own right or in trust and in either or any view of the matter was at least bound to pay it over to his successor Having failed to do so his sureties are liable to the State for the amount

According to the findings there was paid May while he was Secretary of State on account of the attempt to purchase certain State lands by sundry persons the sum of $512 50 which May converted to his own use and for which his sureties are not liable.

Art VIII § 5 of the Con provides that "The Governor Secretary of State and State Treasurer shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the sale of school and university lands and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom and their powers and duties shall be such as may be prescribed by law

By means of this provision the sale of these lands and the management of the funds arising therefrom are committed exclusively and beyond the power of legislative enactment to this Board True the Legislature may prescribe the powers and duties of the Board—that is may provide when and how they shall sell land and invest funds but the power to do so cannot be given to any one else or made subject to any other authority or supervision

The powers and duties of this Board must be exercised and performed by at least a majority of them No one of them can act independent of the other or one of them [illegible] Sec [illegible] of the Code [illegible]

No act of the Legislature has authorized any one member of the Board to [illegible] in the sale of lands or the receipt of moneys therefor [illegible] May [illegible] and did not therefore receive them by virtue of his office [illegible] the moneys are presumed to be known [illegible] money [illegible] the State [illegible] May [illegible] must look to him [illegible]

[illegible] the State [illegible] moneys [illegible] could not authorize any one but the Board [illegible] this business this provision might be construed to empower the Secretary [illegible] State [illegible] and receive moneys [illegible] the State [illegible] funds [illegible] land [illegible] and this provision could not be construed to authorize the Secretary to receive [illegible] funds [illegible] the Secretary and said [illegible]

But as it has been shown all power concerning the disposal of lands and the funds arising therefrom being vested by the Constitution in this Board it is not in the power of the Legislature to authorize the Secretary of State as such to collect and receive such funds and therefore the provision above quoted giving power to the Secretary to collect debts due the State must be construed as not intended to apply thereto

Whether the bond of the defendant May being given for the faithful performance of the duties of the office of Secretary would include the duties of Commissioner also is a question

Where a person holds two distinct offices a bond for the performance of the duties of one of them does not include those of the other unless there is some statute giving it that effect or so providing People v Edwards [illegible] Cal [illegible] But in this case the Secretary becomes Commissioner by operation of law Because he is Secretary he is Commissioner and although in effect he is *ex officio* Commissioner and his duties as Commissioner are [illegible] named in the [illegible] Secretary I am inclined to the opinion that it is a security for the faithful performance of his duties [illegible] Auditor [illegible] rather [illegible] Secretary [illegible] jointly with the Governor and Treasurer

The findings [illegible] received from the U S Treasury by the defendant May [illegible]

[illegible] act of Congress [illegible] Oregon [illegible] the pre emption [illegible] within [illegible] the State [illegible] such net proceeds [illegible] and the Treasury of the U S to such person as the respective Legislatures of the States [illegible] or the Governor thereof [illegible] the Legislature shall [illegible] to receive the same

On July 10th 18[illegible] and July [illegible] 18[illegible] the Comptroller of the U S Treasury wrote to the Governor of Oregon advising him that the sum of $[illegible] and $1[illegible] respectively were due the State on account of the sale of public lands within its limits and asking him to certify who was authorized to receive the [money] May wrote in reply on August [illegible] 18[illegible] certifying that the [illegible] were authorized [illegible] the said [illegible] money [illegible] Secretary of State [illegible] [illegible] the Governor [illegible] Secretary of State [illegible] received the money at the U S Treasury and applied it [illegible] May [illegible] as directed by him

In the argument it was contended that May received this money as Governor and that his bond as Secretary was security for the faithful performance of his duties in that capacity

Art V § 8 of the Constitution provides that "In case of the removal of the Governor from office or of his death resignation or inability to discharge the duties of the office the same shall devolve upon the Secretary of State But it is not alleged in the complaint that May received this money as Governor but as the Secretary of State Neither is there any proof that he received it as Governor except the signature to the first letter to the Comptroller and the parenthetical statement in the second one— in the absence of that officer —the Governor) But these circumstances in my judgment are not sufficient proof of the fact that the office of Governor had devolved upon the Secretary. Before assuming to act as Governor it seems proper that the Secretary should either issue a proclamation announcing that the office had devolved upon him and by what means or else he should state the fact explicitly in any particular proceeding done by him in that character Such a statement I suppose would be primary evidence that he was acting as Governor The Court might also take judicial notice of the removal or resignation of the Governor and that therefore the office had devolved upon the Secretary But what constitutes an inability to discharge the duties of the executive office is a matter of proof and must depend upon the particular circumstances of the case It might be that the Secretary would think the Governor unable to attend to the duties of his office while the latter would think otherwise The mere absence of the Governor from the State might not necessarily devolve the office upon the Secretary because there may be no executive duties to perform or that need performing in the mean time Nor is May's bond as secretary a security for the faithful performance of his duties as Governor since the office had devolved upon him The offices are totally distinct although in a certain contingency they may unite in one person and the case comes within the rule laid down in People v Edwards supra No bond is required of the Governor by election and there is no good reason why the Governor by operation of law should give one or be held liable for his official conduct upon one already given as Secretary of State only

It is also maintained by the plaintiff that the Legislature had authorized the Secretary to receive this money and that in pursuance of such authority May did receive it as Secretary of State

After careful consideration I have concluded that the weight of the argument is with the plaintiff, and that the point is well taken

Sec 3 of the act of June 2 1854 (Or Code p 671) makes it the duty of the Secretary, among other things (1) To superintend and manage the fiscal affairs of the State (2) To keep and state all accounts between the State and the U S and (3) *To direct and superintend the collection of all moneys due the State*

I think these provisions show that it was the intention of the Legislature to make the Secretary the general agent of the State to collect all moneys due it—as well from the U S as from any other source By § 4 of the pre emption act the five per centum of sales is made payable at the U S Treasury *to such person as the Legislature of Oregon shall authorize and direct to receive the same*

The power to *direct* and *superintend* the collection of moneys includes the power to collect in person if necessary or convenient, and the power to collect includes the power to receive The direction to the Secretary to collect and receive all moneys due the State of course included this—there being no other provision of law concerning it The defendant May as Secretary of State having received this money through his agent the R & E M Co and converted it to his own use the sureties in his bond are liable to the State for it.

In both these actions judgments were given against May for the sum of $10,000 and $10,000 respectively for want of an answer to the complaints The plaintiff maintains that as against the sureties in May's bond these judgments are *prima facie* evidence of the defalcations of the principal as alleged in the complaints

Upon both reason and authority I think this is so The admission of May made out of court in any matter pertinent to the action might be proved as against his sureties—for instance that he sold 100 copies of the General Laws for $600 Now a judgment against him to the same effect for want of answer is in the nature of an admission of record that the facts stated in the complaint and necessary to support the judgment are true But the authorities go further and hold that where a judgment has been obtained with or without trial against the principal in a bond conditioned for the faithful performance of some duty or contract the sureties therein by reason of their relation to their principal are so far affected by such judgment that it is *prima facie* evidence against them Stovall v Banks 10 Wal 583 Heard v Lodge 20 Pick [illegible] Charles v Hoskins 14 Iowa 471 In this case the court says

The principal governing is that the liability of the surety is dependent upon that of the principal Though not a party the surety is not a stranger to the judgment He covenants that his principal shall discharge certain official duties When once it is fairly determined by a competent judicial tribunal that there has been a breach of the official undertaking, the liability of the surety *prima facie* attaches whether he was a party to the action adjudging the breach or not City of Lowell v Parker et al In this case the court says — When one is responsible by force of law or by contract for the faithful performance of the duty of another a judgment against that other for a failure in the performance of such duty if not collusive is *prima facie* evidence in a suit against the party so responsible for that other Drummond v Preston 12 Whea 519 Carter v The Commonwealth 7 Penn 2[illegible] Berger v Williams 4 McLean 577 In this case the court after an examination of the authorities says as follows — We think on reason and authority the law is clear that a judgment against the principal is *prima facie* evidence against the surety Oldom v Colvick et al [illegible] Harr 187 Thomas v Hubbell 15 N Y 405 Fay v Ames 44 Barb 32 Freeman on Judgments 180 This author after referring to some cases in which it had been held that a judgment against the principal was not even *prima facie* evidence against the surety says — The courts are however opposed by more numerous cases which unite in declaring the *prima facie* effect of such a judgment as evidence against a surety [illegible]

The defendants do not seriously object to the general rule as above stated but seek to distinguish this case from those cited by the fact that the judgment against the principal herein was given in the same action in which it is sought to recover against the sureties But I am at a loss to perceive how this is material to the inquiry unless it be shown that the sureties thereby had notice [of] the action against their principal and might have defended it and are therefore bound by the judgment

In this connection counsel for defendant cite [illegible] v Tiller 11 Ind 91 as tending to show that a judgment against the principal is not evidence against the surety The syllabus of that case is a fair statement of the point decided by the court It is "In an action brought on a [bond] against a principal and his sureties and they sever in their pleas and the plaintiff thereupon takes a judgment by default against the principal [illegible]

This clearly shows that the position was not [illegible] the Court of Er[rors] The trial of the action against the sureties was upon a plea of [illegible] in support of which the defendant [illegible] to prove that the bond [illegible] upon a condition which never happened The Court held the witness competent and affirmed the judgment [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] May's evidence [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] of the [illegible] for the [illegible] evidence

The findings in regard to the books were made up as follows The proof is satisfactory that May received in April 1866 from Sulbert the binder 600 copies of the Code The act of Oct 21 1864 (Or Code [illegible]) required him to distribute a certain number of these and sell the remainder for $6 per volume keep an account of the sales and pay the proceeds over to the Treasurer monthly The proof is [illegible] that not more than [illegible] successor [illegible] The complaint [illegible] alleges that between April and Sept 1866 May sold 100 [copies] of the work at $6 per copy and converted the [proceeds] to his own use The [illegible] against May [illegible]

[illegible]

In case No [illegible] the complaint alleges that between Sept 1866 and September 1870 May sold 200 copies of the [illegible] at $6 per [copy] and converted the proceeds to his own use No proof was offered on the subject except the judgment against May As has been shown [illegible] I have [illegible] the matter further and found that [illegible] volumes [illegible] to the Commissioners Clerks Sheriffs and Treasurers of [illegible] counties there was sent 11[illegible] copies To District Attorneys State officers 9 Federal Courts and officers 8 Code Commissioner 11 Governors of several States 37 Total [illegible] Add to these the number on hand at the expiration of May's term—18[illegible]—and the number sold prior to Sept [illegible] 1866—100 make 27[illegible] volumes which subtract from [illegible]00 leaves [illegible] Besides the officers of the assemblies sometimes drew copies by the sanction of their respective houses and although this may have been illegal it was not a sale and conversion of the proceeds by May Other occasional officers have had copies and sometimes in case of contested seats probably two sets of members drew copies For these and the like reasons I deducted the odd 31 volumes and found that 200 copies had been sold during this period by May and the proceeds converted to his own use

It is also claimed that these books were only worth $[illegible] No proof is offered upon the point The act of Oct 21 1864 [illegible] directed the Secretary to sell them at $6 per volume and the presumption is that he did his duty and obeyed the law It matters not what they are intrinsically worth If May received $6 per volume for them that is the measure of the defendant's liability in that respect

The allegation concerning the diversion of the proceeds of warrant No [illegible] for $500 I have found not true This warrant was drawn to pay a debt due by the State to Banks Brothers May with or without their authority endorsed the warrant as their agent and drew the money on it which he used and kept for some month Afterwards he paid the sum to B B out of the five per cent fund which he received for the State at the Treasury Department Technically I suppose he converted the proceeds of the warrant to his own use but as the debt of the State for which it was drawn was eventually paid by him, it seemed unjust to charge him with both sums or rather the same sum twice

In the argument it was practically admitted that warrant No 610 for $500 in favor of McCully and Patton was drawn without authority of law to the damage of the plaintiff the amount thereof The suppression of the fact in the Secretary's report for that year is strong evidence that he so regarded it But the testimony of Patton puts it beyond doubt that the warrant was illegally and corruptly drawn to pay the Secretary's private debt to McCully and Patton

It only remains to consider the separate defense of Dowell—that the bond is not his deed because he signed it upon the faith of an agreement with said May and left it with him as an escrow upon the condition that before delivering the said bond to the obligee therein he would get Jacobs Kilgore and Applegate the sureties in his bond of 1862 to sign it as co sureties

Outside of the face of the bond the question of fact depends upon the testimony of Dowell and May Upon the face of the bond there is nothing to indicate or suggest to any one that it was understood or expected that any one should sign it as surety or otherwise except those that did Dowell testifies in substance that he signed at Salem after May and before Applegate That when May asked him to sign he hesitated but finally said he would if he (May) would get Applegate Kilgore and Jacobs to sign also to which May assented and upon that understanding and condition he signed it and then handed it to May and told him not to deliver it to the Governor until all the other sureties had signed it to which direction he understood May to assent May testifies that he told Dowell that he *intended* to have the old bondsmen sign the bond before he delivered it to the Governor but that he does not remember that he *promised* him to do so

The direct evidence of one witness who is entitled to full credit is sufficient proof of any fact except usage perjury and treason (Or Code § 671) Admitting as a matter of fact that Mr Dowell is a man of undoubted veracity yet with the direct pecuniary interest he has in this question and case he cannot be considered a witness entitled to full credit In addition to this his testimony is in direct conflict with May's upon the point as to whether May promised to have Jacobs and Kilgore sign the bond before delivery Without intending to throw the least discredit upon the integrity of the witness generally, I think no court or jury would be justified in finding this defense satisfactorily proven upon this testimony

But admitting the defense to be true it is not good in law The cases cited by counsel in its support are U S v Tiller *supra* Pawling v U S 4 Cranch, 97 People v Bostwick 32 N Y 445 Whitney v Snyder 2 Lansing [illegible] Schuylkill Co v Copely [illegible] Am R 4[illegible] Smith et al v U S 2 Wal 219

In the first case the question was not considered and the facts of the case do not disclose how or by whom the bond was delivered The only question decided was the *competency* of the principal obligor as a witness to prove a conditional execution by the surety Pawling v U S was an action upon an official bond signed by Pawling Todd Allair and Kennedy as sureties who pleaded that they delivered the same as an *escrow* to Balm[illegible] the principal in the bond to be kept until two others *named in the condition of the bond* should sign the same and then to be delivered to the obligee but not otherwise Upon this averment issue was taken and upon a demurrer to the evidence introduced by the defendants the Court found for the defendants In this case other parties being named in the bond as sureties who had not signed it this circumstance was sufficient under the authorities to put the obligee upon enquiry as to whether the instrument had been completely executed or not, so as to authorize a delivery of it by the principal obligor But really the question in the case at bar was not decided in Pawling v U S In that case the sufficiency of the defense was not passed upon by the Court but only the effect of the proof as to the facts The law of the defense was admitted by the plaintiff and the fact only disputed People v Bostwick is with the defendant It decides that when a person signs a bond as surety and delivers it to the principal obligor therein to be delivered to the obligee, when and upon condition another signs it as co surety that the principal obligor is only the special agent of the surety and if he delivers the bond to the obligee without obtaining the signature of the third person the bond is not the deed of the surety for want of delivery by him and this although the bond was accepted by the obligee in good faith and without any knowledge or reason to believe in the existence of this secret condition between the principal and the surety I think this case is one of bad law and worse morals

Whitney v Snyder and Schuylkill v Copely are not in point In both of these cases the alternate persons were fraudulently induced to sign an instrument of a different character and effect from what they supposed they were doing Smith v U S was an action upon a Marshal's bond which was required to be executed by the principal and sureties [illegible] After the sureties' names were signed to the bond and before it was acknowledged one of the sureties' names was erased without the knowledge of Smith a surety [illegible] The court held that this was an unauthorized variation in the agreement which might prejudice Smith and therefore he was not bound The case might have been more satisfactorily decided upon the ground that under the statute in relation to Marshal's bonds the bond never was the deed of Smith because he never appeared before the District Judge and acknowledged it In either view it has no bearing upon the case at bar

The most thoroughly considered and satisfactory [illegible] upon this question that has been cited is [illegible] Foresman 24 Ind 481 The syllabus states the law of the case thus "If a surety signs and delivers to his principal an instrument perfect upon its face with a condition that it shall not be delivered to the obligee or grantee until some other person [illegible] shall also execute the same and the principal delivers the instrument without regard to the condition and the obligee or grantee has no knowledge of the condition the delivery will bind the surety

The opinion [illegible] after [illegible] the elementary authorities [illegible] delivery [illegible] a third person [illegible] condition [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

The usual and ordinary [illegible] transacting the business of giving a bond for the faithful performance of official duty is for the principal to procure it to be signed by his sureties and then deliver it to the obligee By so doing the surety makes the principal his agent for that purpose The distinction sought to be made in People v Bostwick, *supra* that he is a special and not a general agent and therefore the obligee takes the risk of the delivery being made in accordance with any secret understanding or instruction between the principal and agent is neither just nor substantial True the principal is an agent for a *special* purpose but for that purpose his power is *general* and so long as he acts within its apparent scope his principal—the surety—and not an innocent stranger—the obligee must take the consequences if he delivers in violation of any secret trust or agreement [illegible]

[illegible] makes the principal [illegible] the delivery of the instrument the agent [illegible] the sureties [illegible] the obligee [illegible] [illegible]

The case of [illegible] v Foresman [illegible] affirmed in [illegible] v The State [illegible] McCarty [illegible] [illegible]

In [illegible] v Pepper [illegible] it was held [illegible] People v Edwards [illegible] question of the power of the principal to deliver the bond in its apparently perfect condition but simply a question of estoppel The surety signs an instrument complete on its face and delivers it to the principal to pass over to the obligee If he impose any condition upon his delivery *he must see that the principal complies with the condition, for he has made him the general agent for the purpose of delivery* and has clothed him with the indicia of such agency The obligee accepts an instrument perfect in form and execution which comes to him from the person who should have possession of the instrument for the purpose of such delivery The entire transaction so far as the obligee is involved is according to the ordinary and natural course The surety however, while he executes the instrument and places it in the usual channel for delivery departs from the ordinary course of procedure by circumscribing the general authority by a condition unknown to the obligee The condition is disregarded a fraud is accomplished and he who has not scrupled to trust his principal with the semblance of a general authority to make the delivery must stand the hazard he has incurred "

In York County, M F M Co v Brooks 51 Maine it was held in the language of the syllabus as follows It affords a surety in a bond no defense that it was signed by him on the promise of the principal that he would procure the signature of a certain other person if the obligee at the time the bond was delivered to him had no knowledge of the promise

In State v Peck 53 Maine 284 it was held that "A bond perfect upon its face apparently duly executed by all whose names appear therein purporting to be signed sealed and delivered by the principal without stipulation reservation or condition cannot be avoided by the sureties upon the ground that they signed it on the condition that it should not be delivered unless it should be executed by other persons who did not execute it when it appears that the obligee had no notice of such condition and nothing to put him upon enquiry as to the manner of its execution and also that he has been induced upon the faith of such bond to act to his own prejudice In McCormick v Bay City 23 Mich 457 it was held in the language of the syllabus that When a person signs his name in blank as surety to an official bond and delivers it to his principal to have it completed and signed by others and handed over to the proper authority he makes that person his agent for the whole business and is estopped and bound by his action without regard to any secret instructions as to the conditions on which it should be completed and filed Public officers in receiving official bonds into their custody are not bound to hunt up sureties and make enquiry of them They have a right when such action has been had to rely upon their genuine signatures voluntarily affixed to a regular document conforming to law "

In Hatch v Taylor 10 N H 538 it was held that secret instructions to an agent are not limitations upon his authority, and that the principal will be bound by the acts of the agent if within the apparent scope of his authority, though done in violation of such instructions.

In Par on Con 42 the rule is stated thus —"An agent's authority is that which is given by the terms of his appointment, notwithstanding secret instructions or that with which he is clothed by the character in which he is held out to the world, although not strictly within his commission Whatever is done by an authority thus manifested, is actually within the authority, and the principal is bound for that reason *For he is bound equally by the authority which he actually gives and by that which by his own acts he appears to give*

Here whatever Dowell's secret instructions or actual purposes were by signing this bond and delivering it to May, when and as he did he appeared to give the latter authority to deliver it to the obligee as his bond, and he must be held bound accordingly

Probably the most considerate and complete statement of the rule is found in the following extract from Judge Redfield in the Am Law Reg for May 1864 p 402 "It seems to us upon principle, that where there is nothing upon the face of the paper indicating that other co sureties were expected to become parties to the instrument and no fact is brought to the knowledge of the obligee before he accepts the instrument calculated to put him on his guard in regard to that point and which would naturally have led a prudent man interested in the opposite direction to have made enquiry before accepting the security the fault can not be said to rest to any extent upon the obligee And on the other hand when the surety intrusts the bond to the principal obligor in perfect form and with his own name attached as surety and nothing upon the paper to indicate that any others are expected to sign the instrument in order to give it full validity against all the parties *he thereby makes his principal his agent to deliver it, and such delivery must have its natural and ordinary effect, [illegible]* and if the principal under such circumstances gives any assurances to the surety in regard to procuring other co sureties or performing any other condition before he delivers the bond and which he fails to perform *the surety must be content to look to his principal for redress, and cannot complicate the obligee in any responsibility unless he is fully aware of the condition [illegible] security*

The Supreme Court of this State has not passed upon the question but the decided weight of authority is against the defense With this coincides in my judgment both reason and public policy If this defense were admitted no official bond would be worth the paper it is written on unless an act were passed providing that no such bond should be approved or accepted unless the sureties came *coram* [illegible] before the officer and acknowledged the instrument to be theirs as it then appeared and this in the case of State officers might often be a great inconvenience The matter is well put in the following paragraph from the brief of counsel for plaintiff —

"We do not contend but that such an instrument in order to become obligatory must have a legal inception that is must have been delivered as the bond of the party but to permit the principal in such a bond to obtain sureties have it accepted enter upon the duties of his office by virtue of his having given it become a defaulter and long after his term of office has expired and an action has been instituted on the bond allow the sureties to come in and successfully claim that as the principal did not carry out a private arrangement with them in regard to the execution of the instrument they are not liable thereon is certainly an astonishing proposition Again to term a delivery of the bond by the surety to the principal obligor under any circumstances a delivery as an *escrow* is a violation of the rules of law that govern that subject May was required to give a bond with sufficient sureties etc How could he make an arrangement with his surety to hold it as an *escrow* It would be like one grantor in a deed delivering it to a co grantor as an *escrow* in which event the co grantor were to deliver it to the grantee and receive the consideration money yet the other could notwithstanding avoid the deed

In conclusion the defendant having trusted May with the bond and given him the *apparent authority* to deliver it to the plaintiff as the bond of the defendant and the plaintiff having so far as appears accepted it in good faith as such bond and trusted May with the office of Secretary of State upon the strength of it to its prejudice the defendant is estopped to say that May delivered the bond contrary to some secret instructions or agreement between them and thereby avoid the effect of it to the injury of the plaintiff

The plaintiff is entitled to judgment against the defendants in each case according to the findings

MATTHEW P DEADY Referee

[illegible] and Geo H Williams for the Plaintiff

Rufus Mallory for the Defendant

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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PERFECT FITS GUARANTEED.

FINANCE AND CO[MMERCE]

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING May 14

Gold in New York 112[illegible]

Portland Legal Tenders buying 88 selling [illegible]

Gold bars are quotable at 72a[illegible] fine.

Exchange on New York ½ per cent premium currency and one per cent premium for gold.

Exchange on San Francisco a [illegible] per cent premium

Wheat in Liverpool via mail advices from San Francisco [illegible] for average California [illegible] for club

Shipping Intelligence.

The bark Alden Besse detained for Sidney [with] lumber started down the river at a late hour evening in tow of the Shoo Fly

The ship Vermont there [illegible] loading cattle at Astoria [illegible] [ex]pected May 16th

The barkentine Portland and the schooner [illegible] have gone to sea bound for San Francisco

The bark Ceylon under charter to load [illegible] this port has arrived She comes under [illegible] from Honolulu

The steamship John L Stephens sailed for San Francisco at 11 M with a fair freight and passenger list

The Royal still lies at the North Pacific [illegible] receiving lumber

The bark Melancthon is discharging ballast and the Palais [illegible] is receiving grain at the wharf

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO May 14—[illegible] Wheat—Milling $1 87[illegible] good shipping [illegible]

Barley—$1 55a1 85

Oats—$1 60a1 6[illegible]

Hay—$16 a19 50

San Francisco Stock [illegible]

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May [illegible]

Ophir	[illegible]
G & C	[illegible]
P & B	[illegible]
Savage	[illegible]
Chollar	[illegible]
Hale & N	[illegible]
Point	[illegible]
Jacket	[illegible]
Imperial	[illegible]
Empire Mill	[illegible]
Kentuck	[illegible]
Alpha	[illegible]
Belcher	[illegible]
Confidence	[illegible]
Con Virginia	[illegible]
Seg Belcher	[illegible]
Overman	[illegible]

EVENING [illegible]

Valley	[illegible]
Raymond & Ely	[illegible]
Eureka Con	[illegible]
W & F	[illegible]
P & P	[illegible]
American Flag	[illegible]
Bowers	[illegible]
H & H	[illegible]
Belmont	[illegible]
Newark	[illegible]
M Belmont	[illegible]
Charter Oak	[illegible]
Rye P	[illegible]
Eldorado South	[illegible]
Watson	[illegible]
Eldorado N	[illegible]
K h Con	[illegible]

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Corner Front and Morrison
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FIRST CLASS ACCOMMOD[ATIONS]
At Reasonable Rates.
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AMERICAN EXCHANGE [illegible]
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QUIMBY & PERKINS, - [illegible]
FREE COACH TO AND FROM THE [illegible]
House recently Renovated [illegible]

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THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL [illegible]nished throughout in a superb [illegible] open for the reception of guests.
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Situated within two blocks of the [illegible] Oregon and California and Oregon C[illegible] roads and within one block of the [illegible] Oregon Steamship Company
Street Cars pass the door
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Board, $4; with Lodging $5[illegible]
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GEO H DURHAM [illegible]
DURHAM & THOMPSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
109 First street, opposite Occidental Hotel [illegible]

ANDREW J. MOSES,
Attorney at Law, Notary Public, Conveyancer and Commissioner of Deeds
Has removed to No [illegible] Holmes Building, [illegible] Bank

A C GIBBS [illegible]
GIBBS & HUGHES,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law
Room No 4 Dekum's Building

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All of which are offered at the Lowest Rates
He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere
Would invite particular attention to [illegible] Builders Hardware and H[illegible]
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

LOST
A CANARY BIRD WITH A PORTION OF [illegible] top knot damaged. Finder will be rewarded by returning it to A E. M[illegible] opposite Central School

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VOL XIV—NO 86

EASTERN NEWS.

[illegible]

Baxter Sends a Message to the Legislat[ure]

LITTLE ROCK May 14 The General Assembl[y] [illegible] the Legislature for the promptness [illegible] allege[illegible] [illegible] has power to [illegible] [illegible]

Woman Suffrage Defeated in the Mas[sa]chusetts General Court

[illegible] May [illegible] The Senate [illegible] day refus[ed] [illegible] suffrage [illegible]

WASHINGTON CITY.

Congressional News.

WASHINGTON May 14 —The deficiency bill pa[ssed] by the House to day contains the following [illegible] besides those for San Francisco and Carson [illegible] mint, agreed to yesterday For Indian service California about $13,000 In Oregon $ [illegible] Washington Territory, $ [illegible] also for deficienc[y] in appropriations for collecting and subsisting [illegible] Apaches of Arizona and New Mexico during [the] past two years $50,[illegible]

No advices being received from the Arka[nsas] Legislature Governor [illegible] the [illegible] yet The President's reply to the resolution [illegible] appeals [illegible] the Arkansas [illegible] against domestic [illegible] whole gubernatorial [illegible] The Attorney Ge[neral] and the President [illegible] engaged in conferen[ce] now

More Developments in the Infamous Di[s]trict Ring Affairs.

WASHINGTON May 14 [illegible] Witness [illegible] New Hampsh[ire] Avenue [illegible] charged at nearly [illegible] been paid for [illegible] [illegible] other gross [illegible] charges w[ere] noted

Proclamation by the President Touchi[ng] the Arkansas Disp[ute]

WASHINGTON May [illegible] —The President has issue[d] a proclamation [illegible] turbulent persons [illegible] continue together [illegible] Governor of Arkansas [illegible] Baxter [illegible] declared duly elected by the Legislature the only com[petent] tribunal [illegible] the Constitution [illegible] the Pres[ident] [illegible] the State [illegible] [illegible] that both [illegible] and the General Assembl[y] convened by Baxter have made a similar re[quest] of the President and the President being [illegible] assistance asked in such cases and to command and to disperse such insurgents the President the[re]fore now issues his proclamation commanding [illegible] turbulent and disorderly persons to [illegible] retire peaceably to their respective homes with[in] ten days, and hereafter submit to the laws and au[thority] of the Executive and all other constitution[al] authorities of the State

Baxter to be Recognized as the Lawf[ul] Governor of Arkansas.

NEW YORK May 1[illegible]—The President will recogn[ize] Baxter by proclamation to day [illegible] [Ark]ansas under the Attorney General's opinion

The Howard Verdict.

The President is still awaiting the complete pri[nt]ing of the records of the Court Martial in Gen[eral] Howard's case but it is certain the Court was unan[i]mous on all matters affecting his character as [an] officer and gentleman also in commending [illegible] conduct as Commissioner His complete innocen[ce] is established

BY ATLANTIC CABLE

A Puff from an English Cousin

LONDON May 14 — At [illegible] the Congreg[ational] Board of Education [illegible] Charl[es] Reed read papers warmly [illegible] the America[n] system of education and expressed the hope that [it] would be equaled if not exceeded in England within two generations

A [illegible] special says [illegible] Concha has ordere[d] to hold 5,000 troops ready [illegible]

Movements of the Czar of all the Russia[s]

LONDON May 1[illegible] —The Queen gave a ba[ll] [illegible] night to the Czar and Grand Duke Members of the Royal family and Cabinet were present The Czar will go to Buckingham Palace [illegible] probabl[y] visit the Empress Eugenie [illegible]

Good for the Duke!

PARIS May 14 —Duke De Broglie [illegible] the Left and extreme Right on the [illegible] and will make the motion for its discuss[ion] [illegible]

WEST INDIES.

Persecution of Masons.

HAVANA May 14 - San Juan Porto Rico advic[es] state that members of a Masonic lodge at Salama Grande have been arrested by the police The [illegible] newspaper upholds the course of the Govern[ment] towards Masons and declare that Masons in the Antilles throughly favor a separation of the Col[onies] from Spain

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY

Hon Daniel Clark Grand Master of the State Grange who left this city about the 3d [illegible] on a tour in the interest of the Patrons of Husbandry has been doing good service for the Order He was at Canyon City Gran[t] county, on the 11th inst , whence he writes u[s] under that date Since he left Portland he has organized the following Granges

Clatsop Grange with R W Morrison as Master and R J Morrison Secretary.

Barlow's Gate Grange Albert Savage Mas[ter] and F C Wyatt Secretary

Prineville Grange, organized May 1st Elisha Barnes Master and S R Sayton, Sec[re]tary

Ochoco Grange organized May 2d wit[h] Hon J H Douthitt as Master and E F Free[land], Secretary

Lone Star Grange organized May 4th w[ith] W D Gilliam as Master and A H Bowman as Secretary

All the above except [illegible] are in Was[co] county

Canyon City Grange Grant county [illegible] ized May 8th with [illegible] as Master and J H Wolfinger Secretary

Daniel Clark Grange [illegible] county organized May [illegible] with [illegible] as Master [illegible] Secre[tary]

Mr Clark finds [illegible] everywhere [illegible] to their interests [illegible] the Order which he is [illegible] He is now on his way [illegible] will reach this city on [illegible] inst, from the Dalles and will remain in this city one day [illegible] Wednesday [illegible] will find him at the [illegible] Tuesday the 19th

[illegible]

Deputy Grand Master [illegible] three Granges in [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]